

# Important Fundamentals of Analog Communications Formulas PDF



**Formulas  
Examples  
with Units**

## List of 24 Important Fundamentals of Analog Communications Formulas

### 1) Amplitude of Carrier Signal Formula ↻

Formula

$$A_c = \frac{A_{\max} + A_{\min}}{2}$$

Example with Units

$$17\text{v} = \frac{19.2032\text{v} + 14.7968\text{v}}{2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

### 2) Bandwidth of Tuned Circuit Formula ↻

Formula

$$BW_{\text{tuned}} = \frac{\omega_r}{Q_{tc}}$$

Example with Units

$$3.4911\text{Hz} = \frac{11.8\text{Hz}}{3.38}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

### 3) Carrier Frequency Formula ↻

Formula

$$f_c = \frac{\omega_m}{2 \cdot \pi}$$

Example with Units

$$50.1338\text{Hz} = \frac{315\text{rad/s}}{2 \cdot 3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

### 4) Carrier Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$P_c = \frac{A_c^2}{2 \cdot R}$$

Example with Units

$$1.1537\text{w} = \frac{17\text{v}^2}{2 \cdot 125.25\Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

### 5) Crest Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$CF = \frac{X_{\text{peak}}}{X_{\text{rms}}}$$

Example with Units

$$3.913 = \frac{90\text{v}}{23\text{v}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



## 6) Cyclic Frequency of Superheterodyne Receiver Formula

Formula

$$f_{\text{cyc}} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{L \cdot C}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0385 \text{ Hz} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \sqrt{5.7 \text{ H} \cdot 3 \text{ F}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 7) Deviation Ratio Formula

Formula

$$D = \frac{\Delta f_m}{f_m}$$

Example with Units

$$0.05 = \frac{750 \text{ Hz}}{15000 \text{ Hz}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 8) Figure of Merit of Superheterodyne Receiver Formula

Formula

$$\text{FOM} = \frac{1}{F}$$

Example

$$0.04 = \frac{1}{25}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 9) Image Frequency Formula

Formula

$$f_{\text{img}} = F_{\text{RF}} + (2 \cdot f_{\text{im}})$$

Example with Units

$$195 \text{ Hz} = 55 \text{ Hz} + (2 \cdot 70 \text{ Hz})$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 10) Image Frequency Rejection Ratio of Superheterodyne Receiver Formula

Formula

$$\text{IMRR} = \sqrt{1 + (Q)^2 \cdot (cf)^2}$$

Example

$$1.2119 = \sqrt{1 + (0.21)^2 \cdot (3.26)^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 11) Image Rejection Ratio Formula

Formula

$$\rho = \left( \frac{f_{\text{img}}}{F_{\text{RF}}} \right) - \left( \frac{F_{\text{RF}}}{f_{\text{img}}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$3.2634 \text{ dB} = \left( \frac{195 \text{ Hz}}{55 \text{ Hz}} \right) - \left( \frac{55 \text{ Hz}}{195 \text{ Hz}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 12) Intermediate Frequency Formula

Formula

$$f_{\text{im}} = (f_{\text{lo}} - F_{\text{RF}})$$

Example with Units

$$70 \text{ Hz} = (125 \text{ Hz} - 55 \text{ Hz})$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 13) Maximum Amplitude Formula

Formula

$$A_{\text{max}} = A_c \cdot (1 + \mu^2)$$

Example with Units

$$19.2032 \text{ v} = 17 \text{ v} \cdot (1 + 0.36^2)$$

Evaluate Formula 



#### 14) Minimum Amplitude Formula

Formula

$$A_{\min} = A_c \cdot (1 - \mu^2)$$

Example with Units

$$14.7968\text{v} = 17\text{v} \cdot (1 - 0.36^2)$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 15) Modulation Index Formula

Formula

$$\mu = \frac{A_m}{A_c}$$

Example with Units

$$0.36 = \frac{6.12\text{v}}{17\text{v}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 16) Modulation Index with respect to Amplitude Sensitivity Formula

Formula

$$\mu = K_a \cdot A_m$$

Example with Units

$$0.306 = 0.05 \cdot 6.12\text{v}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 17) Modulation Index with respect to Maximum and Minimum Amplitude Formula

Formula

$$\mu = \frac{A_{\max} - A_{\min}}{A_{\max} + A_{\min}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.1296 = \frac{19.2032\text{v} - 14.7968\text{v}}{19.2032\text{v} + 14.7968\text{v}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 18) Modulation Index with respect to Power Formula

Formula

$$\mu = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left( \left( \frac{P_T}{P_{c(\text{avg})}} \right) - 1 \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.3675 = \sqrt{2 \cdot \left( \left( \frac{4.9\text{w}}{4.59\text{w}} \right) - 1 \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 19) Noise Figure of Superheterodyne Receiver Formula

Formula

$$F = \frac{1}{\text{FOM}}$$

Example

$$25 = \frac{1}{0.04}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 20) Phase Constant of Distortion Less Line Formula

Formula

$$\beta = \omega \cdot \sqrt{L \cdot C}$$

Example with Units

$$8.2704 = 2\text{rad/s} \cdot \sqrt{5.7\text{H} \cdot 3\text{F}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 21) Phase Velocity of Distortion Less Line Formula

Formula

$$V_p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L \cdot C}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.2418\text{m/s} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5.7\text{H} \cdot 3\text{F}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



## 22) Quality Factor of Tuned Circuit Formula

Formula

$$Q_{tc} = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \omega_r \cdot L}{R}$$

Example with Units

$$3.3741 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 11.8\text{Hz} \cdot 5.7\text{H}}{125.25\Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 23) Rejection Ratio Formula

Formula

$$\alpha = \sqrt{1 + \left( Q_{tc}^2 \cdot \rho^2 \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$11.0755\text{dB} = \sqrt{1 + \left( 3.38^2 \cdot 3.2634\text{dB}^2 \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 24) Transmission Efficiency with respect to Modulation Index Formula

Formula

$$\eta_{am} = \frac{\mu^2}{2 + \mu^2}$$

Example

$$0.0609 = \frac{0.36^2}{2 + 0.36^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 



## Variables used in list of Fundamentals of Analog Communications Formulas above

- $A_c$  Amplitude of Carrier Signal (Volt)
- $A_m$  Amplitude of Modulating Signal (Volt)
- $A_{max}$  Maximum Amplitude of AM Wave (Volt)
- $A_{min}$  Minimum Amplitude of AM Wave (Volt)
- $BW_{tuned}$  Tuned Circuit Bandwidth (Hertz)
- $C$  Capacitance (Farad)
- $cf$  Coupling Factor
- $CF$  Crest Factor
- $D$  Deviation Ratio
- $F$  Noise Figure
- $f_c$  Carrier Frequency (Hertz)
- $f_{cyc}$  Cyclic Frequency (Hertz)
- $f_{im}$  Intermediate Frequency (Hertz)
- $f_{img}$  Image Frequency (Hertz)
- $f_{lo}$  Local Oscillation Frequency (Hertz)
- $f_m$  Maximum Modulating Frequency (Hertz)
- $F_{RF}$  Received Signal Frequency (Hertz)
- $FOM$  Figure of Merit
- $IMRR$  Image Frequency Rejection Ratio
- $K_a$  Amplitude Sensitivity of Modulator
- $L$  Inductance (Henry)
- $P_c$  Carrier Power (Watt)
- $P_{c(avg)}$  Average Carrier Power of AM Wave (Watt)
- $P_T$  Average Total Power of AM Wave (Watt)
- $Q$  Quality Factor
- $Q_{tc}$  Quality Factor of Tuned Circuit
- $R$  Resistance (Ohm)
- $V_p$  Phase Velocity of Distortion Less Line (Meter per Second)
- $X_{peak}$  Peak Value of Signal (Volt)
- $X_{rms}$  RMS Value of Signal (Volt)

## Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Fundamentals of Analog Communications Formulas above

- **constant(s):** pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288  
*Archimedes' constant*
- **Functions:** sqrt, sqrt(Number)  
*A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.*
- **Measurement: Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)  
*Speed Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Power** in Watt (W)  
*Power Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Noise** in Decibel (dB)  
*Noise Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Frequency** in Hertz (Hz)  
*Frequency Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Capacitance** in Farad (F)  
*Capacitance Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Electric Resistance** in Ohm ( $\Omega$ )  
*Electric Resistance Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Inductance** in Henry (H)  
*Inductance Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Electric Potential** in Volt (V)  
*Electric Potential Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Angular Velocity** in Radian per Second (rad/s)  
*Angular Velocity Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement: Angular Frequency** in Radian per Second (rad/s)  
*Angular Frequency Unit Conversion* ↻



- $\alpha$  Rejection Ratio (Decibel)
- $\beta$  Phase Constant of Distortion Less Line
- $\Delta f_m$  Maximum Frequency Deviation (Hertz)
- $\eta_{am}$  Transmission Efficiency of AM Wave
- $\mu$  Modulation Index
- $\rho$  Image Rejection Ratio (Decibel)
- $\omega$  Angular Velocity (Radian per Second)
- $\omega_m$  Angular Frequency of Modulating Signal (Radian per Second)
- $\omega_r$  Resonant Frequency (Hertz)



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