

# Important Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Formulas PDF



Formulas  
Examples  
with Units

List of 12  
Important Refrigeration and Air Conditioning  
Formulas

## 1) Air Refrigeration Cycles Formulas ↗

### 1.1) Compression or Expansion Ratio Formula ↗

Formula

$$r_p = \frac{P_2}{P_1}$$

Example with Units

$$25 = \frac{10E6 \text{ Pa}}{4E5 \text{ Pa}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

### 1.2) COP of Bell-Coleman Cycle for given Compression Ratio and Adiabatic Index Formula ↗

Formula

$$\text{COP}_{\text{theoretical}} = \frac{1}{r_p^{\frac{y-1}{y}} - 1}$$

Example

$$0.6629 = \frac{1}{25^{\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}} - 1}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

### 1.3) COP of Bell-Coleman Cycle for given Temperatures, Polytropic Index and Adiabatic Index Formula ↗

Formula

$$\text{COP}_{\text{theoretical}} = \frac{T_1 - T_4}{\left(\frac{n}{n-1}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{y-1}{y}\right) \cdot \left( (T_2 - T_3) - (T_1 - T_4) \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

Example with Units

$$0.6017 = \frac{300 \text{ K} - 290 \text{ K}}{\left(\frac{1.52}{1.52-1}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1.4-1}{1.4}\right) \cdot \left( (356.5 \text{ K} - 326.6 \text{ K}) - (300 \text{ K} - 290 \text{ K}) \right)}$$

### 1.4) Energy Performance Ratio of Heat Pump Formula ↗

Formula

$$\text{COP}_{\text{theoretical}} = \frac{Q_{\text{delivered}}}{W_{\text{per min}}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.6 = \frac{5571.72 \text{ kJ/min}}{9286.2 \text{ kJ/min}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗



## 1.5) Heat Absorbed during Constant Pressure Expansion Process Formula

**Formula**

$$Q_{\text{Absorbed}} = C_p \cdot (T_1 - T_4)$$

**Example with Units**

$$10.05 \text{ kJ/kg} = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg*K} \cdot (300 \text{ K} - 290 \text{ K})$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

## 1.6) Heat Rejected during Constant pressure Cooling Process Formula

**Formula**

$$Q_R = C_p \cdot (T_2 - T_3)$$

**Example with Units**

$$30.0495 \text{ kJ/kg} = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kg*K} \cdot (356.5 \text{ K} - 326.6 \text{ K})$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

## 1.7) Relative Coefficient of Performance Formula

**Formula**

$$\text{COP}_{\text{relative}} = \frac{\text{COP}_{\text{actual}}}{\text{COP}_{\text{theoretical}}}$$

**Example**

$$0.3333 = \frac{0.2}{0.6}$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

## 1.8) Theoretical Coefficient of Performance of Refrigerator Formula

**Formula**

$$\text{COP}_{\text{theoretical}} = \frac{Q_{\text{ref}}}{W}$$

**Example with Units**

$$0.6 = \frac{600 \text{ kJ/kg}}{1000 \text{ kJ/kg}}$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

## 2) Air Refrigeration Systems Formulas

### 2.1) Initial Mass of Evaporant Required to be Carried for given Flight Time Formula

**Formula**

$$M_{\text{ini}} = \frac{Q_r \cdot t}{h_{fg}}$$

**Example with Units**

$$53.5398 \text{ kg} = \frac{550 \text{ kJ/min} \cdot 220 \text{ min}}{2260 \text{ kJ/kg}}$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

### 2.2) Local Sonic or Acoustic Velocity at Ambient Air Conditions Formula

**Formula**

$$a = \left( \gamma \cdot [R] \cdot \frac{T_i}{MW} \right)^{0.5}$$

**Example with Units**

$$340.0649 \text{ m/s} = \left( 1.4 \cdot 8.3145 \cdot \frac{305 \text{ K}}{0.0307 \text{ kg}} \right)^{0.5}$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

### 2.3) Ram Efficiency Formula

**Formula**

$$\eta = \frac{p_2' - p_i}{p_f - p_i}$$

**Example with Units**

$$0.8667 = \frac{150000 \text{ Pa} - 85000 \text{ Pa}}{160000 \text{ Pa} - 85000 \text{ Pa}}$$

**Evaluate Formula** 

## 2.4) Temperature Ratio at Start and End of Ramming Process Formula ↗

[Evaluate Formula ↗](#)

Formula

$$T_{ratio} = 1 + \frac{v_{process}^2 \cdot (\gamma - 1)}{2 \cdot \gamma \cdot [R] \cdot T_i}$$

Example with Units

$$1.2028 = 1 + \frac{60 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot (1.4 - 1)}{2 \cdot 1.4 \cdot 8.3145 \cdot 305 \text{ K}}$$



## Variables used in list of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Formulas above

- **a** Sonic Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **C<sub>p</sub>** Specific Heat Capacity at Constant Pressure (Kilojoule per Kilogram per K)
- **COP<sub>actual</sub>** Actual Coefficient of Performance
- **COP<sub>relative</sub>** Relative Coefficient of Performance
- **COP<sub>theoretical</sub>** Theoretical Coefficient of Performance
- **h<sub>fg</sub>** Latent Heat of Vaporization (Kilojoule per Kilogram)
- **M<sub>ini</sub>** Initial Mass (Kilogram)
- **MW** Molecular Weight (Kilogram)
- **n** Polytropic Index
- **P<sub>1</sub>** Pressure at Start of Isentropic Compression (Pascal)
- **p<sub>2</sub>'** Stagnation Pressure of System (Pascal)
- **P<sub>2</sub>** Pressure at End of Isentropic Compression (Pascal)
- **P<sub>f</sub>** Final Pressure of System (Pascal)
- **P<sub>i</sub>** Initial Pressure of System (Pascal)
- **Q<sub>Absorbed</sub>** Heat Absorbed (Kilojoule per Kilogram)
- **Q<sub>delivered</sub>** Heat Delivered to Hot Body (Kilojoule per Minute)
- **Q<sub>r</sub>** Rate of Heat Removal (Kilojoule per Minute)
- **Q<sub>R</sub>** Heat Rejected (Kilojoule per Kilogram)
- **Q<sub>ref</sub>** Heat Extracted from Refrigerator (Kilojoule per Kilogram)
- **r<sub>p</sub>** Compression or Expansion Ratio
- **t** Time in Minutes (Minute)
- **T<sub>1</sub>** Temperature at Start of Isentropic Compression (Kelvin)
- **T<sub>2</sub>** Ideal Temp at End of Isentropic Compression (Kelvin)

## Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Formulas above

- **constant(s): [R]**, 8.31446261815324  
*Universal gas constant*
- **Measurement:** **Weight** in Kilogram (kg)  
*Weight Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Time** in Minute (min)  
*Time Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Temperature** in Kelvin (K)  
*Temperature Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Pressure** in Pascal (Pa)  
*Pressure Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)  
*Speed Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Power** in Kilojoule per Minute (kJ/min)  
*Power Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Specific Heat Capacity** in Kilojoule per Kilogram per K (kJ/kg\*K)  
*Specific Heat Capacity Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Latent Heat** in Kilojoule per Kilogram (kJ/kg)  
*Latent Heat Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Rate of Heat Transfer** in Kilojoule per Minute (kJ/min)  
*Rate of Heat Transfer Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Specific Energy** in Kilojoule per Kilogram (kJ/kg)  
*Specific Energy Unit Conversion* ↗

- $T_3$  Ideal Temp at End of Isobaric Cooling (*Kelvin*)
- $T_4$  Temperature at End of Isentropic Expansion (*Kelvin*)
- $T_i$  Initial Temperature (*Kelvin*)
- $T_{ratio}$  Temperature Ratio
- $v_{process}$  Velocity (*Meter per Second*)
- $w$  Work Done (*Kilojoule per Kilogram*)
- $W_{per\ min}$  Work Done per min (*Kilojoule per Minute*)
- $\gamma$  Heat Capacity Ratio
- $\eta$  Ram Efficiency



- **Important Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Formulas** ↗

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