

Important Wave Optics Formulas PDF



Formulas
Examples
with Units

List of 27
Important Wave Optics Formulas

1) Intensity and Interference of Light Waves Formulas

1.1) Angular Width of Central Maxima Formula

Formula

$$d_{\text{angular}} = \frac{2 \cdot \lambda}{a}$$

Example with Units

$$6.0099^\circ = \frac{2 \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}}{5.11}$$

Evaluate Formula

1.2) Intensity of Constructive Interference Formula

Formula

$$I_C = \left(\sqrt{I_1} + \sqrt{I_2} \right)^2$$

Example with Units

$$52.4558 \text{ cd} = \left(\sqrt{9 \text{ cd}} + \sqrt{18 \text{ cd}} \right)^2$$

Evaluate Formula

1.3) Intensity of Destructive Interference Formula

Formula

$$I_D = \left(\sqrt{I_1} - \sqrt{I_2} \right)^2$$

Example with Units

$$1.5442 \text{ cd} = \left(\sqrt{9 \text{ cd}} - \sqrt{18 \text{ cd}} \right)^2$$

Evaluate Formula

1.4) Interference of Waves of Two Intensities Formula

Formula

$$I = I_1 + I_2 + 2 \cdot \sqrt{I_1 \cdot I_2} \cdot \cos(\Phi)$$

Example with Units

$$46.922 \text{ cd} = 9 \text{ cd} + 18 \text{ cd} + 2 \cdot \sqrt{9 \text{ cd} \cdot 18 \text{ cd}} \cdot \cos(38.5^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula

1.5) Malus Law Formula

Formula

$$I_T = I_1 \cdot (\cos(\theta))^2$$

Example with Units

$$8.341 \text{ cd} = 9 \text{ cd} \cdot (\cos(15.7^\circ))^2$$

Evaluate Formula



1.6) Path Difference of Two Progressive Wave Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x = \frac{\lambda \cdot \Phi}{2 \cdot \pi}$$

Example with Units

$$2.8661 \text{ cm} = \frac{26.8 \text{ cm} \cdot 38.5^\circ}{2 \cdot 3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

1.7) Phase Difference Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Phi = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \Delta x}{\lambda}$$

Example with Units

$$38.4999^\circ = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 2.8661 \text{ cm}}{26.8 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

1.8) Phase Difference of Constructive Interference Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Phi_{\text{ci}} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot n$$

Example with Units

$$1800^\circ = 2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 5$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

1.9) Phase Difference of Destructive Interference Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Phi_{\text{di}} = (2 \cdot n + 1) \cdot \pi$$

Example with Units

$$1980^\circ = (2 \cdot 5 + 1) \cdot 3.1416$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

1.10) Resultant Intensity of Incoherent Sources Formula ↻

Formula

$$I_{\text{IS}} = I_1 + I_2$$

Example with Units

$$27 \text{ cd} = 9 \text{ cd} + 18 \text{ cd}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

1.11) Resultant Intensity On-Screen of Young's Double-Slit Experiment Formula ↻

Formula

$$I = 4 \cdot (I_{\text{S1}}) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\Phi}{2}\right)^2$$

Example with Units

$$46.9254 \text{ cd} = 4 \cdot (13.162 \text{ cd}) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{38.5^\circ}{2}\right)^2$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2) Thin Film Interference and Optical Path Difference Formulas ↻

2.1) Optical Activity Formula ↻

Formula

$$\alpha = \frac{\theta}{L \cdot C_x}$$

Example with Units

$$1.9573 = \frac{15.7^\circ}{35 \text{ cm} \cdot 0.4}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2.2) Optical Path Difference Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta = (RI - 1) \cdot \frac{D}{d}$$

Example with Units

$$0.6346 = (1.333 - 1) \cdot \frac{20.2 \text{ cm}}{10.6 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



2.3) Optical Path Difference given Fringe Width Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta = (RI - 1) \cdot t \cdot \frac{\beta}{\lambda}$$

Example with Units

$$0.6346 = (1.333 - 1) \cdot 100 \text{ cm} \cdot \frac{51.07 \text{ cm}}{26.8 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2.4) Thin-Film Constructive Interference in Reflected Light Formula ↻

Formula

$$I_c = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot \lambda$$

Example with Units

$$1.474 = \left(5 + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2.5) Thin-Film Constructive Interference in Transmitted Light Formula ↻

Formula

$$I_c = n \cdot \lambda$$

Example with Units

$$1.34 = 5 \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2.6) Thin-Film Destructive Interference in Reflected Light Formula ↻

Formula

$$I_d = n \cdot \lambda$$

Example with Units

$$1.34 = 5 \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

2.7) Thin-Film Destructive Interference in Transmitted Light Formula ↻

Formula

$$I_d = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot \lambda$$

Example with Units

$$1.474 = \left(5 + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3) Young's Double Slit Experiment (YDSE) Formulas ↻

3.1) Distance from Center to Light Source for Constructive Interference in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$y_{CI} = \left(n + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \cdot \frac{\lambda \cdot D}{d}$$

Example with Units

$$280.8943 \text{ cm} = \left(5 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \cdot \frac{26.8 \text{ cm} \cdot 20.2 \text{ cm}}{10.6 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.2) Distance from Center to Light Source for Destructive Interference in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$y_{DI} = (2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot \frac{\lambda \cdot D}{2 \cdot d}$$

Example with Units

$$229.8226 \text{ cm} = (2 \cdot 5 - 1) \cdot \frac{26.8 \text{ cm} \cdot 20.2 \text{ cm}}{2 \cdot 10.6 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.3) Fringe Width Formula ↻

Formula

$$\beta = \frac{\lambda \cdot D}{d}$$

Example with Units

$$51.0717 \text{ cm} = \frac{26.8 \text{ cm} \cdot 20.2 \text{ cm}}{10.6 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



3.4) Path Difference for Constructive Interference in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x_{CI} = \frac{y_{CI} \cdot d}{D}$$

Example with Units

$$147.3505 \text{ cm} = \frac{280.8 \text{ cm} \cdot 10.6 \text{ cm}}{20.2 \text{ cm}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.5) Path Difference for Destructive Interference in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x_{DI} = (2 \cdot n - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{\lambda}{2} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$120.6 \text{ cm} = (2 \cdot 5 - 1) \cdot \left(\frac{26.8 \text{ cm}}{2} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.6) Path Difference for Maxima in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x_{\max} = n \cdot \lambda$$

Example with Units

$$134 \text{ cm} = 5 \cdot 26.8 \text{ cm}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.7) Path Difference for Minima in YDSE Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x_{\min} = (2 \cdot n + 1) \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

Example with Units

$$147.4 \text{ cm} = (2 \cdot 5 + 1) \cdot \frac{26.8 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.8) Path Difference in YDSE given Distance between Coherent Sources Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x = d \cdot \sin(\theta)$$

Example with Units

$$2.8684 \text{ cm} = 10.6 \text{ cm} \cdot \sin(15.7^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.9) Path Difference in Young's Double-Slit Experiment Formula ↻

Formula

$$\Delta x = \sqrt{\left(y + \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + D^2} - \sqrt{\left(y - \frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + D^2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

Example with Units

$$2.8664 \text{ cm} = \sqrt{\left(5.852 \text{ cm} + \frac{10.6 \text{ cm}}{2}\right)^2 + 20.2 \text{ cm}^2} - \sqrt{\left(5.852 \text{ cm} - \frac{10.6 \text{ cm}}{2}\right)^2 + 20.2 \text{ cm}^2}$$



Variables used in list of Wave Optics Formulas above

- **a** Aperture of Objective
- **C_x** Concentration at x Distance
- **d** Distance between Two Coherent Sources (Centimeter)
- **D** Distance between Slits and Screen (Centimeter)
- **d_{angular}** Angular Width (Degree)
- **I** Resultant Intensity (Candela)
- **I₁** Intensity 1 (Candela)
- **I₂** Intensity 2 (Candela)
- **I_c** Constructive Interference
- **I_C** Resultant Intensity of Constructive (Candela)
- **I_d** Destructive Interference
- **I_D** Resultant Intensity of Destructive (Candela)
- **I_{IS}** Resultant Intensity of Incoherent Sources (Candela)
- **I_{S1}** Intensity from Slit 1 (Candela)
- **I_T** Transmitted Intensity (Candela)
- **L** Length (Centimeter)
- **n** Integer
- **RI** Refractive Index
- **t** Thickness (Centimeter)
- **y** Distance from Center to Light Source (Centimeter)
- **y_{CI}** Distance from Center to Light Source for C I (Centimeter)
- **y_{DI}** Distance from Center to Light Source for D I (Centimeter)
- **α** Optical Activity
- **β** Fringe Width (Centimeter)
- **Δ** Optical Path Difference
- **Δx** Path Difference (Centimeter)
- **Δx_{CI}** Path Difference for Constructive Interference (Centimeter)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Wave Optics Formulas above

- **constant(s): pi**, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Functions: cos**, cos(Angle)
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Functions: sin**, sin(Angle)
Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- **Functions: sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement: Length** in Centimeter (cm)
Length Unit Conversion ↻
- **Measurement: Luminous Intensity** in Candela (cd)
Luminous Intensity Unit Conversion ↻
- **Measurement: Angle** in Degree (°)
Angle Unit Conversion ↻




- Δx_{DI} Path Difference for Destructive Interference (Centimeter)
- Δx_{max} Path Difference for Maxima (Centimeter)
- Δx_{min} Path Difference for Minima (Centimeter)
- θ Angle from Slit Center to Light Source (Degree)
- λ Wavelength (Centimeter)
- Φ Phase Difference (Degree)
- Φ_{ci} Phase Difference of Constructive Interference (Degree)
- Φ_{di} Phase Difference of Destructive Interference (Degree)



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