Important Electrostatics Formulas PDF



Formulas Examples with Units

List of 13

Important Electrostatics Formulas

1) Electric Current given Drift Velocity Formula 🕝



Example with Units

Evaluate Formula (

$$I = n \cdot [Charge-e] \cdot A \cdot V_d$$

 $1.6E-27A = 7 \cdot 1.6E-19c \cdot 14 \text{ mm}^2 \cdot 0.1 \text{ mm/s}$

2) Electric Dipole Moment Formula (7)

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula [

$$p = Q \cdot d$$

 $0.6\,c^*m = 0.3\,c \cdot 2\,m$

3) Electric Field Formula 🕝

Example with Units

 $20 \text{ V/m} = \frac{18 \text{ V}}{0.9 \text{ m}}$

4) Electric Field between Two Oppositely Charged Parallel Plates Formula C

Formula

Example with Units $2.8E+11 \text{ V/m} = \frac{2.5 \text{ C/m}^2}{8.9E-12 \text{ F/m}}$

5) Electric Field due to Infinite Sheet Formula C

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula 🕝

2 · [Permitivity-vacuum]

 $1.4E + 11 \text{ V/m} = \frac{2.5 \text{ C/m}^2}{2 \cdot 8.9E - 12 \text{ F/m}}$

6) Electric Field due to Line Charge Formula [7]

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula

 $2.2E + 10 \text{ V/m} = \frac{2 \cdot 9E + 9 \cdot 6 \text{ C/m}}{5 \text{ m}}$

7) Electric Field due to Point Charge Formula C

$$E = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q}{2}$$

Formula Example with Units
$$E = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q}{d^2}$$

$$6.7E + 8 \text{ V/m} = \frac{9E + 9 \cdot 0.3 \text{ c}}{2 \text{ m}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula (

8) Electric Field for Uniformly Charged Ring Formula [7]

Formula

$$E = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q \cdot x}{\left(r_{ring}^{2} + x^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Example with Units
$$9E+9 \cdot 0.3$$

$$E = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q \cdot x}{\left(r_{ring}^{2} + x^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$2.6E + 7v/m = \frac{9E + 9 \cdot 0.3c \cdot 8m}{\left(5m^{2} + 8m^{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Evaluate Formula [

9) Electric Field Intensity Formula C

Formula
$$E = \frac{F}{G}$$

Example with Units
$$3.4286 \text{ V/m} = \frac{2.4 \text{ N}}{0.7 \text{ c}}$$

Evaluate Formula (

10) Electric Force by Coulomb's Law Formula 🕝

$$F = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot q_1 \cdot q_2}{d^2}$$
 2.7E+10N = $\frac{9E+9 \cdot 4c \cdot 3c}{2m^2}$

Example with Units
$$2.7E+10N = \frac{9E+9 \cdot 4c \cdot 3}{3}$$

Evaluate Formula

11) Electric Potential of Dipole Formula

$$V = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot p \cdot \cos(\theta)}{2}$$

Example with Units
$$0.128v = \frac{9E+9 \cdot 12c^*m \cdot \cos(90^\circ)}{0.5 \,\mathrm{m}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula (

12) Electrostatic Potential due to Point Charge Formula C

Formula
$$V = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q}{d}$$

Formula Example with Units
$$V = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot Q}{d}$$

$$1.3E+9v = \frac{9E+9 \cdot 0.3c}{2m}$$

Evaluate Formula 🕝

13) Electrostatic Potential Energy of Point Charge or System of Charges Formula 🕝

$$U_e = \frac{[Coulomb] \cdot q_1 \cdot q_2}{d}$$

Formula Example with Units
$$U_e = \frac{\text{[Coulomb]} \cdot q_1 \cdot q_2}{d} \qquad 5.4E + 10J = \frac{9E + 9 \cdot 4c \cdot 3c}{2m}$$

Evaluate Formula 🕝

Variables used in list of Electrostatics Formulas above

- A Cross-Sectional Area (Square Millimeter)
- d Separation between Charges (Meter)
- E Electric Field (Volt per Meter)
- F Electric Force (Newton)
- I Electric Current (Ampere)
- I Length of Conductor (Meter)
- n Number of Free Charge Particles per Unit Volume
- **p** Electric Dipole Moment (Coulomb Meter)
- q Electric Charge (Coulomb)
- Q Charge (Coulomb)
- q₁ Charge 1 (Coulomb)
- q₂ Charge 2 (Coulomb)
- r Magnitude of Position Vector (Meter)
- r_{ring} Radius of Ring (Meter)
- U_e Electrostatic Potential Energy (Joule)
- V Electrostatic Potential (Volt)
- V_d Drift Speed (Millimeter per Second)
- X Distance (Meter)
- ΔV Electric Potential Difference (Volt)
- **0** Angle between any two vectors (*Degree*)
- λ Linear Charge Density (Coulomb per Meter)
- **σ** Surface Charge Density (Coulomb per Square Meter)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Electrostatics Formulas above

- constant(s): [Charge-e], 1.60217662E-19
 Charge of electron
- constant(s): [Coulomb], 8.9875E+9
 Coulomb constant
- constant(s): [Permitivity-vacuum], 8.85E-12 Permittivity of vacuum
- Functions: cos, cos(Angle)
 Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)
 Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Electric Current in Ampere (A)

 Electric Current Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Area in Square Millimeter (mm²)
 Area Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Speed in Millimeter per Second (mm/s)
 Speed Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Energy in Joule (J)
 Energy Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Electric Charge in Coulomb (C)

 Electric Charge Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Newton (N)
 Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Angle in Degree (°)
 Angle Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Linear Charge Density in Coulomb per Meter (C/m)
 Linear Charge Density Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Surface Charge Density in Coulomb per Square Meter (C/m²)
 Surface Charge Density Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Electric Field Strength in Volt per Meter (V/m)
 Electric Field Strength Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Electric Potential in Volt (V)
 Electric Potential Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Electric Dipole Moment in Coulomb Meter (C*m)

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