Important Friction Devices Formulas PDF



Formulas Examples with Units

List of 26 **Important Friction Devices Formulas**

1) Pivot Bearing Formulas (

1.1) Frictional Torque on Conical Pivot Bearing by Uniform Pressure Formula 🕝

FormulaExample with Units
$$T = \frac{\mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot D_s \cdot h_s}{3}$$
 $2.4_{N^*m} = \frac{0.4 \cdot 24_N \cdot 0.5_m \cdot 1.5_m}{3}$

1.2) Frictional Torque on Conical Pivot Bearing by Uniform Wear Formula

FormulaExample with UnitsEva
$$T = \frac{\mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot D_s \cdot \csc c \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2}$$
 $2.3794_{N^*m} = \frac{0.4 \cdot 24_N \cdot 0.5_m \cdot \csc c \frac{30.286549^\circ}{2}}{2}$

1.3) Frictional Torque on Flat Pivot Bearing by Uniform Pressure Formula 🕝

Formula

Example with Units

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

aluateFormula 🦳

 $T = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot R \qquad 21.12 \, \text{N*m} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.4 \cdot 24 \, \text{N} \cdot 3.3 \, \text{m}$

1.4) Frictional Torque on Truncated Conical Pivot Bearing by Uniform Pressure Formula 🗺

Formula
 Example with Units

$$T = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot \frac{r_1^3 - r_2^3}{r_1^2 - r_2^2}$$
 $67.6571_{N*m} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0.4 \cdot 24_N \cdot \frac{8_m^3 - 6_m^3}{8_m^2 - 6_m^2}$

1.5) Mean Radius of Collar Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula

Formula	Example with Units
$R_{c} = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2}$	$0.04\mathrm{m} = \frac{0.050\mathrm{m} + 0.03\mathrm{m}}{2}$

1.6) Pressure over Bearing Area of Flat Pivot Bearing Formula Evaluate Formula

FormulaExample with Units
$$p_i = \frac{W_t}{\pi \cdot R^2}$$
 $0.7015_{Pa} = \frac{24_N}{3.1416 \cdot 3.3_m^2}$



1.8) Total Frictional Torque on Conical Pivot Bearing Considering Uniform Pressure Formula

 $0.1696 \, \text{N*m} = 0.16 \cdot 53 \, \text{N} \cdot 0.02 \, \text{m}$

 $\mathbf{T} = \boldsymbol{\mu}_{\mathrm{c}} \cdot \mathbf{W}_{\mathrm{l}} \cdot \mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{c}}$

FormulaExample with UnitsEvaluate Formula
$$T = \mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot D_s \cdot \csc \frac{\alpha}{3}$$
 $3.1726 \, \text{N*m} = 0.4 \cdot 24 \, \text{N} \cdot 0.5 \, \text{m} \cdot \csc \frac{30.286549^{\circ}}{3}$

1.9) Total Frictional Torque on Conical Pivot Bearing Considering Uniform Wear when Slant Height of Cone Formula

1.10) Total Frictional Torque on Flat Pivot Bearing Considering Uniform Wear Formula 🕝

Formula	Example with Units
$\mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot R$	$0.4 \cdot 24_{\rm N} \cdot 3.3_{\rm m}$
$T = \frac{1}{2}$	13.04 N*m = 2

1.11) Total Frictional Torque on Truncated Conical Pivot Bearing Considering Uniform Wear Formula

Formula	Example with Units	Evaluate Fo
$T = \mu_f \cdot W_t \cdot \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2}$	$67.2N^{*}m = 0.4 \cdot 24N \cdot \frac{8m + 6m}{2}$	

1.12) Total Vertical Load Transmitted to Conical Pivot Bearing for Uniform Pressure Formula

Formula	Example with Units	Evaluate Formula 🕝
$W_{t} = \pi \cdot \left(\frac{D_{s}}{2}\right)^{2} \cdot p_{i}$	$1.9635_{N} = 3.1416 \cdot \left(\frac{0.5_{M}}{2}\right)^{2} \cdot 10_{Pa}$	

Evaluate Formula 🦳

2) Screw and Nut Formulas (

2.1) Force at Circumference of Screw given Helix Angle and Coefficient of Friction Formula 🗺



Formula $F = W \cdot \left(\frac{\sin(\psi) + \mu_{f} \cdot \cos(\psi)}{\cos(\psi) - \mu_{f} \cdot \sin(\psi)} \right)$

Example with Units

$$63.8967 N = 60 k_g \cdot \left(\frac{\sin (25^\circ) + 0.4 \cdot \cos (25^\circ)}{\cos (25^\circ) - 0.4 \cdot \sin (25^\circ)} \right)$$

2.2) Force at Circumference of Screw given Helix Angle and Limiting Angle Formula 🗺

Evaluate Formula Formula Example with Units $F = W_{l} \cdot \tan(\psi + \Phi) \qquad 40.6683 \, \text{N} = 53 \, \text{N} \cdot \tan(25^{\circ} + 12.5^{\circ})$ 2.3) Helix Angle Formula Evaluate Formula Example with Units Formula $\psi = a \tan\left(\frac{L}{C}\right) \left| \quad 0.0548^\circ = a \tan\left(\frac{0.011 \text{ m}}{11.5 \text{ m}}\right) \right|$ 2.4) Helix Angle for Multi-Threaded Screw Formula Evaluate Formula Formula Example with Units $\psi = a \tan\left(\frac{\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{P}_{s}}{\pi \cdot \mathbf{d}}\right) \left| 89.865^{\circ} = a \tan\left(\frac{16 \cdot 5 \,\mathrm{m}}{3.1416 \cdot 0.06 \,\mathrm{m}}\right) \right|$ 2.5) Helix Angle for Single Threaded Screw Formula Evaluate Formula Formula Example with Units $\Psi = a \tan\left(\frac{P_s}{\pi \cdot d}\right) \left| \quad \left| \quad 87.841^\circ = a \tan\left(\frac{5m}{3.1416 \cdot 0.06m}\right) \right| \right|$ 2.6) Lead of Screw Formula 🕝 FormulaExample with the $L = P_s \cdot n$ $80m = 5m \cdot 16$ Evaluate Formula Example with Units 2.7) Torque Required to Overcome Friction between Screw and Nut Formula Evaluate Formula Formula Example with Units $T = W_{l} \cdot \tan\left(\psi + \Phi\right) \cdot \frac{d}{2} \left| 1.22 N^{*}m = 53 N \cdot \tan\left(25^{\circ} + 12.5^{\circ}\right) \cdot \frac{0.06 m}{2} \right|$



2.8) Torque Required to Overcome Friction between Screw and Nut while Lowering Load Formula

F	ormula	Example with Units	Evaluate Formula
$T = W_l \cdot ta$	$\operatorname{an}\left(\Phi-\psi\right)\cdot\frac{\mathrm{d}}{2}$	$-0.3525_{N^*m} = 53_N \cdot \tan(12.5^\circ - 25^\circ) \cdot \frac{0.06_m}{2}$	

3) Screw Jack Formulas 🕝

3.1) Efficiency of Screw Jack when Screw Friction as well as Collar Friction Considered

Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula (

 $\eta = \frac{W \cdot \tan(\psi) \cdot d}{W_{l} \cdot \tan(\psi + \Phi) \cdot d + \mu_{c} \cdot W_{l} \cdot R_{c}}$

	Example with Units
_	$60 \mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{tan} \left(25^\circ \right) \cdot 0.06 \mathrm{m}$
_	

 $0.6433 = \frac{0.00 \text{ g}^2 \tan(25^\circ) + 0.00 \text{ m}}{53 \text{ N} \cdot \tan(25^\circ + 12.5^\circ) \cdot 0.06 \text{ m} + 0.16 \cdot 53 \text{ N} \cdot 0.02 \text{ m}}$

3.2) Efficiency of Screw Jack when only Screw Friction is Considered Formula 🕝 👘

Formula	Example with Units
$\eta = \frac{\tan\left(\psi\right)}{\tan\left(\psi + \Phi\right)}$	$0.6077 = \frac{\tan(25^{\circ})}{\tan(25^{\circ} + 12.5^{\circ})}$

3.3) Force Required to Lower Load by Screw Jack given Weight of Load Formula 🕝

Formula	Example with Units	Evaluate Formula 🕝
$F = W_{l} \cdot \frac{\mu_{f} \cdot \cos(\psi) - \sin(\psi)}{\cos(\psi) + \mu_{f} \cdot \sin(\psi)}$	$-2.9619_{N} = 53_{N} \cdot \frac{0.4 \cdot \cos\left(25^{\circ}\right) - \sin\left(25^{\circ}\right)}{\cos\left(25^{\circ}\right) + 0.4 \cdot \sin\left(25^{\circ}\right)}$	

3.4) Force Required to Lower Load by Screw Jack given weight of load and Limiting angle

Formula
 Example with Units
 Evaluate Formula (
$$^{\circ}$$
 $F = W_1 \cdot \tan(\Phi \cdot \psi)$
 $-11.7498_N = 53_N \cdot \tan(12.5^\circ - 25^\circ)$
 $-11.7498_N = 53_N \cdot \tan(12.5^\circ - 25^\circ)$
3.5) Ideal Effort to Raise Load by Screw Jack Formula

 Evaluate Formula ($^{\circ}$

 Evaluate Formula ($^{\circ}$

 Evaluate Formula ($^{\circ}$)

$$P_{o} = W_{l} \cdot \tan(\psi) \qquad 24.7143 \text{ N} = 53 \text{ N} \cdot \tan(25^{\circ})$$



3.6) Maximum Efficiency of Screw Jack Formula 🕝

Variables used in list of Friction Devices Formulas above

- C Circumference of Screw (Meter)
- d Mean Diameter of Screw (Meter)
- D_s Shaft Diameter (Meter)
- F Force Required (Newton)
- h_s Slant Height (Meter)
- L Lead of Screw (Meter)
- n Number of Threads
- **p**_i Pressure Intensity (Pascal)
- Po Ideal Effort (Newton)
- Ps Pitch (Meter)
- R Radius of Bearing Surface (Meter)
- r1 Outer Radius of Bearing Surface (Meter)
- R1 Outer Radius of Collar (Meter)
- **r**₂ Inner Radius of Bearing Surface (*Meter*)
- R2 Inner Radius of Collar (Meter)
- R_c Mean Radius of Collar (Meter)
- **T** Total Torque (Newton Meter)
- W Weight (Kilogram)
- WI Load (Newton)
- W_t Load Transmitted Over Bearing Surface (Newton)
- α Semi Angle of Cone (Degree)
- **η** Efficiency
- µ_c Coefficient of Friction For Collar
- µ_f Coefficient of Friction
- **Φ** Limiting Angle of Friction (Degree)
- ψ Helix Angle (Degree)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Friction Devices Formulas above

- constant(s): pi,
 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
 Archimedes' constant
- Functions: atan, atan(Number) Inverse tan is used to calculate the angle by applying the tangent ratio of the angle, which is the opposite side divided by the adjacent side of the right triangle.
- Functions: cos, cos(Angle) Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- Functions: cosec, cosec(Angle) The cosecant function is a trigonometric function that is the reciprocal of the sine function.
- Functions: sec, sec(Angle) Secant is a trigonometric function that is defined ratio of the hypotenuse to the shorter side adjacent to an acute angle (in a right-angled triangle); the reciprocal of a cosine.
- Functions: sin, sin(Angle) Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.
- Functions: tan, tan(Angle) The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- Measurement: Length in Meter (m) Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Weight in Kilogram (kg) Weight Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Pressure in Pascal (Pa) Pressure Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Newton (N) Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Angle in Degree (°) Angle Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Torque in Newton Meter (N*m) Torque Unit Conversion



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