# **Important Pentagonal Cupola Formulas PDF**



1.3) Edge Length of Pentagonal Cupola given Total Surface Area Formula 🕝 👘

Example with Units

 $10.1914_{\rm m} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot 0.7 \,{\rm m}^{-1}}$ 

Evaluate Formula

Formula  $l_{e} = \sqrt{\frac{TSA}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)}}$ 

$$10.0061 \text{ m} = \sqrt{\frac{1660 \text{ m}^2}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)}}$$







2.4) Height of Pentagonal Cupola given Volume Formula 🕝

Formula

$$\mathbf{h} = \left(\frac{\mathbf{V}}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right)}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{4} \cdot \csc\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)^{2}\right)}$$

$$5.2391 \,\mathrm{m} = \left(\frac{2300 \,\mathrm{m}^3}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right)}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot \sqrt{1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4} \cdot \csc\left(\frac{3.1416}{5}\right)^2\right)}$$

# 3) Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas 🗁

### 3.1) Total Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas 🕝

### 3.1.1) Total Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola Formula 🕝

$$TSA = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot l_e^2$$

Example with Units

$$1657.975 \,\mathrm{m}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot 10 \,\mathrm{m}^2$$

### 3.1.2) Total Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola given Height Formula 🕝

$$TSA = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{h^2}{1 - \left( \frac{1}{4} \cdot \csc\left( \frac{\pi}{5} \right)^2 \right)} \right)$$

### Example with Units

$$1499.6525 \,\mathrm{m}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{5 \,\mathrm{m}^2}{1 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4} \cdot \operatorname{cosec} \left( \frac{3.1416}{5} \right)^2 \right)} \right) \right)$$



Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$TSA = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot R_{A/V}} \right)^2$$

#### Example with Units

$$1722.0615 \,\mathrm{m}^{2} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot 0.7 \,\mathrm{m}^{-1}} \right)^{2} \right)$$

### 3.1.4) Total Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola given Volume Formula 🕝

$$TSA = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{V}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

#### Example with Units

$$1646.5192 \,\mathrm{m}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{2300 \,\mathrm{m}^3}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

### 4) Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas 🕝

### 4.1) Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula

 $R_{A/V} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot I_{e}}$ 

$$0.7134 \,\mathrm{m}^{-1} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot 10 \,\mathrm{m}}$$

# 4.2) Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola given Height Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula

$$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{A}/\mathbf{V}} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \left(\frac{\mathbf{h}}{\sqrt{1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{4} \cdot \operatorname{cosec}\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)^{2}\right)}}\right)}$$

Formula

$$0.7501 \,\mathrm{m}^{-1} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \left( \frac{5 \,\mathrm{m}}{\sqrt{1 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4} \cdot \operatorname{cosec} \left( \frac{3.1416}{5} \right)^2 \right)} \right)}$$

### 4.3) Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola given Total Surface Area Formula 🕝

$$R_{A/V} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \cdot (20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))})}}$$

$$0.713 \,\mathrm{m}^{-1} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1660 \,\mathrm{m}^{2}}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot (20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))})}}}$$

# 4.4) Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola given Volume Formula 🕝

 $\mathbf{R}_{A/V} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \left(\frac{\mathbf{v}}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5}))}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ 

$$0.7159_{m^{-1}} = \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + (5 \cdot \sqrt{3}) + \sqrt{5 \cdot (145 + (62 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5})) \cdot \left( \frac{2300_{m^{2}}}{\frac{1}{5} \cdot (5 + (4 \cdot \sqrt{5}))} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

### 5) Volume of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas 🕝

5.1) Volume of Pentagonal Cupola Formula 춦		
Formula	Example with Units	Evaluate Formula
$V = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot \mathbf{l_e}^3$	$2324.0453{}_{\rm m^3} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \cdot 10{}_{\rm m}{}^3$	

### 5.2) Volume of Pentagonal Cupola given Height Formula 🕝

Formula  
$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot \left( \frac{h}{\sqrt{1 - \left( \frac{1}{4} \cdot \operatorname{cosec} \left( \frac{\pi}{5} \right)^2 \right)}} \right)^3$$

### Example with Units

$$1999.2337 \,\mathrm{m}^{3} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \cdot \left(\frac{5 \,\mathrm{m}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{4} \cdot \csc\left(\frac{3.1416}{5}\right)^{2}\right)}}\right)^{3}$$



Evaluate Formula

Evaluate Formula

# 5.3) Volume of Pentagonal Cupola given Surface to Volume Ratio Formula 🕝

Formula

$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot \left( \frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot \mathbf{R}_{A/V}} \right)^{3}$$

### Example with Units

$$2460.0878 \,\mathrm{m}^{3} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \cdot \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + \left(5 \cdot \sqrt{3}\right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left(145 + \left(62 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right)}\right)}{\frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \cdot 0.7 \,\mathrm{m}^{-1}}\right)^{3}$$

5.4) Volume of Pentagonal Cupola given Total Surface Area Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula 🕝

Evaluate Formula

Formula  
$$\mathbf{V} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left( 5 + \left( 4 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left( 20 + \left( 5 \cdot \sqrt{3} \right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left( 145 + \left( 62 \cdot \sqrt{5} \right) \right)} \right)} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$2328.3044 m^{3} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot \left(5 + \left(4 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1660 m^{2}}{\frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(20 + \left(5 \cdot \sqrt{3}\right) + \sqrt{5 \cdot \left(145 + \left(62 \cdot \sqrt{5}\right)\right)}\right)}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

# Variables used in list of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas above

- h Height of Pentagonal Cupola (Meter)
- Ie Edge Length of Pentagonal Cupola (Meter)
- R<sub>A/V</sub> Surface to Volume Ratio of Pentagonal Cupola (1 per Meter)
- **TSA** Total Surface Area of Pentagonal Cupola (Square Meter)
- V Volume of Pentagonal Cupola (Cubic Meter)

### Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Pentagonal Cupola Formulas above

- constant(s): pi,
  3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
  Archimedes' constant
- Functions: cosec, cosec(Angle) The cosecant function is a trigonometric function that is the reciprocal of the sine function.
- Functions: sec, sec(Angle) Secant is a trigonometric function that is defined ratio of the hypotenuse to the shorter side adjacent to an acute angle (in a right-angled triangle); the reciprocal of a cosine.
- Functions: sqrt, sqrt(Number) A square root function is a function that takes a nonnegative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- Measurement: Length in Meter (m) Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Volume in Cubic Meter (m<sup>3</sup>) Volume Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Area in Square Meter (m<sup>2</sup>) Area Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Reciprocal Length in 1 per Meter (m<sup>-1</sup>) Reciprocal Length Unit Conversion



- 🔹 Important Pentagonal Cupola Formulas 🕝 🔹 Important Triangular Cupola Formulas 🕝
- Important Square Cupola Formulas 👉

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