

# Important Take-off and Landing Formulas PDF



**Formulas  
Examples  
with Units**

**List of 20  
Important Take-off and Landing Formulas**

## 1) Landing Formulas

### 1.1) Landing ground roll distance Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$s_L = 1.69 \cdot (W^2) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{[g] \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,max}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\left( 0.5 \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot \left( (0.7 \cdot V_T)^2 \right) \cdot S \cdot \left( C_{D,0} + \left( \phi \cdot \frac{C_L^2}{\pi \cdot e \cdot AR} \right) \right) \right) + \left( \mu_r \cdot \left( W - (0.5 \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot \left( (0.7 \cdot V_T)^2 \right) \cdot S \cdot C_L \right) \right) \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$1.4488 \text{ m} = 1.69 \cdot (60.5 \text{ N}^2) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 0.000885} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\left( 0.5 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot \left( (0.7 \cdot 193 \text{ m/s})^2 \right) \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2 \cdot \left( 0.0161 + \left( 0.4 \cdot \frac{5.5^2}{3.1416 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 4} \right) \right) \right) + \left( 0.1 \cdot \left( 60.5 \text{ N} - (0.5 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot \left( (0.7 \cdot 193 \text{ m/s})^2 \right) \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 0.0161) \right) \right) \right)}$$

### 1.2) Landing Ground Run Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$S_{gl} = (F_{normal} \cdot V_{TD}) + \left( \frac{W_{aircraft}}{2 \cdot [g]} \right) \cdot f \left( \frac{2 \cdot V_{\infty}}{V_{TR} + D + \mu_{ref} \cdot (W_{aircraft} \cdot L)}, x, 0, V_{TD} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$2042.1746 \text{ m} = (0.3 \text{ N} \cdot 23 \text{ m/s}) + \left( \frac{2000 \text{ kg}}{2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right) \cdot f \left( \frac{2 \cdot 292 \text{ m/s}}{600 \text{ N} + 65 \text{ N} + 0.004 \cdot (2000 \text{ kg} \cdot 7 \text{ N})}, x, 0, 23 \text{ m/s} \right)$$

### 1.3) Stall velocity for given touchdown velocity Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$V_{stall} = \frac{V_T}{1.3}$$

Example with Units

$$148.4615 \text{ m/s} = \frac{193 \text{ m/s}}{1.3}$$

### 1.4) Touchdown velocity Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$V_T = 1.3 \cdot \left( \sqrt{2 \cdot \frac{W}{\rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,max}}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$192.6924 \text{ m/s} = 1.3 \cdot \left( \sqrt{2 \cdot \frac{60.5 \text{ N}}{1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 0.000885}} \right)$$

### 1.5) Touchdown velocity for given stall velocity Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$V_T = 1.3 \cdot V_{stall}$$

Example with Units

$$192.4 \text{ m/s} = 1.3 \cdot 148 \text{ m/s}$$

## 2) Take-Off Formulas

### 2.1) Coefficient of rolling friction during ground roll Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$\mu_r = \frac{R}{W - F_L}$$

Example with Units

$$0.1 = \frac{5 \text{ N}}{60.5 \text{ N} - 10.5 \text{ N}}$$

### 2.2) Drag during ground effect Formula

Evaluate Formula

Formula

$$F_D = \left( C_{D,e} + \frac{C_L^2 \cdot \phi}{\pi \cdot e \cdot AR} \right) \cdot (0.5 \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot V^2 \cdot S)$$

Example with Units

$$71977.674 \text{ N} = \left( 4.5 + \frac{5.5^2 \cdot 0.4}{3.1416 \cdot 0.5 \cdot 4} \right) \cdot (0.5 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 60 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2)$$



### 2.3) Ground effect factor Formula

Formula

$$\phi = \frac{\left(16 \cdot \frac{h}{W}\right)^2}{1 + \left(16 \cdot \frac{h}{W}\right)^2}$$

Example with Units

$$0.4796 = \frac{\left(16 \cdot \frac{3m}{50m}\right)^2}{1 + \left(16 \cdot \frac{3m}{50m}\right)^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.4) Lift acting on aircraft during ground roll Formula

Formula

$$F_L = W \cdot \left(\frac{R}{H_r}\right)$$

Example with Units

$$10.5N = 60.5N \cdot \left(\frac{5N}{0.1}\right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.5) Liftoff distance Formula

Formula

$$s_{LO} = 1.44 \cdot \frac{W^2}{\rho \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,max} \cdot T}$$

Example with Units

$$523.2758m = 1.44 \cdot \frac{60.5N^2}{9.8066m/s^2 \cdot 1.225kg/m^3 \cdot 5.08m^2 \cdot 0.000885 \cdot 186.5N}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.6) Liftoff velocity for given stall velocity Formula

Formula

$$V_{LO} = 1.2 \cdot V_{stall}$$

Example with Units

$$177.6m/s = 1.2 \cdot 148m/s$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.7) Liftoff velocity for given weight Formula

Formula

$$V_{LO} = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot W}{\rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,max}}}$$

Example with Units

$$177.8699m/s = 1.2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 60.5N}{1.225kg/m^3 \cdot 5.08m^2 \cdot 0.000885}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.8) Maximum Lift coefficient for given liftoff velocity Formula

Formula

$$C_{L,max} = 2.88 \cdot \frac{W}{\rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot (V_{LO}^2)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0009 = 2.88 \cdot \frac{60.5N}{1.225kg/m^3 \cdot 5.08m^2 \cdot (177.6m/s)^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.9) Maximum Lift coefficient for given stall velocity Formula

Formula

$$C_{L,max} = 2 \cdot \frac{W}{\rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot (V_{stall}^2)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0009 = 2 \cdot \frac{60.5N}{1.225kg/m^3 \cdot 5.08m^2 \cdot (148m/s)^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.10) Resistance force during ground roll Formula

Formula

$$R = \mu_r \cdot (W - F_L)$$

Example with Units

$$5N = 0.1 \cdot (60.5N - 10.5N)$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.11) Stall velocity for given liftoff velocity Formula

Formula

$$V_{stall} = \frac{V_{LO}}{1.2}$$

Example with Units

$$148m/s = \frac{177.6m/s}{1.2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2.12) Stall velocity for given weight Formula

Formula

$$V_{stall} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot W}{\rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,max}}}$$

Example with Units

$$148.2249m/s = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 60.5N}{1.225kg/m^3 \cdot 5.08m^2 \cdot 0.000885}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



### 2.13) Take Off Ground Run Formula

Formula

$$S_g = \frac{W_{\text{aircraft}}}{2 \cdot [g]} \cdot \int \left( \frac{2 \cdot V_{\infty}}{N - D - \mu_{\text{ref}} \cdot (W_{\text{aircraft}} \cdot L)}, x, 0, V_{\text{LOS}} \right)$$

[Evaluate Formula](#) 

Example with Units

$$239.4067 \text{ m} = \frac{2000 \text{ kg}}{2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \cdot \int \left( \frac{2 \cdot 292 \text{ m/s}}{20000 \text{ N} - 65 \text{ N} - 0.004 \cdot (2000 \text{ kg} \cdot 7 \text{ N})}, x, 0, 80.11 \text{ m/s} \right)$$

### 2.14) Thrust for given liftoff distance Formula

Formula

$$T = 1.44 \cdot \frac{W^2}{[g] \cdot \rho_{\infty} \cdot S \cdot C_{L,\text{max}} \cdot s_{\text{LO}}}$$

Example with Units

$$186.5984 \text{ N} = 1.44 \cdot \frac{60.5 \text{ N}^2}{9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 5.08 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 0.000885 \cdot 523 \text{ m}}$$

[Evaluate Formula](#) 

### 2.15) Weight of aircraft during ground roll Formula

Formula

$$W = \left( \frac{R}{\mu_r} \right) + F_L$$

Example with Units

$$60.5 \text{ N} = \left( \frac{5 \text{ N}}{0.1} \right) + 10.5 \text{ N}$$







[Evaluate Formula](#) 



## Variables used in list of Take-off and Landing Formulas above

- **AR** Aspect Ratio of a Wing
- **b** Wingspan (Meter)
- **C<sub>D,0</sub>** Zero-Lift Drag Coefficient
- **C<sub>D,e</sub>** Parasite Drag Coefficient
- **C<sub>L</sub>** Lift Coefficient
- **C<sub>L,max</sub>** Maximum Lift Coefficient
- **D** Drag Force (Newton)
- **e** Oswald Efficiency Factor
- **F<sub>D</sub>** Drag (Newton)
- **F<sub>L</sub>** Lift (Newton)
- **F<sub>normal</sub>** Normal Force (Newton)
- **h** Height from Ground (Meter)
- **L** Lift Force (Newton)
- **N** Thrust Force (Newton)
- **R** Rolling Resistance (Newton)
- **S** Reference Area (Square Meter)
- **S<sub>g</sub>** Takeoff Ground Run (Meter)
- **s<sub>L</sub>** Landing Roll (Meter)
- **s<sub>LO</sub>** Liftoff Distance (Meter)
- **S<sub>g1</sub>** Landing Ground Run (Meter)
- **T** Aircraft Thrust (Newton)
- **V** Flight Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>∞</sub>** Velocity of Aircraft (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>LO</sub>** Liftoff velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>LOS</sub>** Aircraft Lift Off Speed (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>stall</sub>** Stall Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>T</sub>** Touchdown Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>TD</sub>** Velocity at Touchdown Point (Meter per Second)
- **V<sub>TR</sub>** Reverse Thrust (Newton)
- **W** Weight (Newton)
- **W<sub>aircraft</sub>** Weight Of Aircraft (Kilogram)
- **μ<sub>r</sub>** Coefficient of Rolling Friction
- **μ<sub>ref</sub>** Reference Of Rolling Resistance Coefficient
- **ρ<sub>∞</sub>** Freestream Density (Kilogram per Cubic Meter)
- **φ** Ground Effect Factor

## Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Take-off and Landing Formulas above

- **constant(s):** pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288  
*Archimedes' constant*
- **constant(s):** [g], 9.80665  
*Gravitational acceleration on Earth*
- **Functions:** int, int(expr, arg, from, to)  
*The definite integral can be used to calculate net signed area, which is the area above the x-axis minus the area below the x-axis.*
- **Functions:** sqrt, sqrt(Number)  
*A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.*
- **Measurement: Length** in Meter (m)  
*Length Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Weight** in Kilogram (kg)  
*Weight Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Area** in Square Meter (m<sup>2</sup>)  
*Area Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)  
*Speed Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Force** in Newton (N)  
*Force Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
*Density Unit Conversion* 



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