



Formulas Examples with Units

List of 18 Important Rolling Process Formulas

1) Analysis at Entry Region Formulas

1.1) Mean Yield Shear Stress given Pressure on Entry Side Formula

Formula

$$S_e = \frac{P_{en} \cdot \frac{h_{in}}{h_e}}{\exp(\mu_{rp} \cdot (H_{in} - H_x))}$$

Example with Units

$$4359.6965 \text{ Pa} = \frac{0.0000099 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot \frac{3.5 \text{ mm}}{0.011 \text{ mm}}}{\exp(0.5 \cdot (3.35 - 4))}$$

Evaluate Formula

1.2) Pressure Acting on Rolls from Entry Side Formula

Formula

$$P_{en} = S_e \cdot \frac{h_e}{h_{in}} \cdot \exp\left(\mu_{rp} \cdot \left(2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roller}}{h_f}} \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(\theta_r \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roller}}{h_f}}\right) - 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roller}}{h_f}} \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(\alpha_{bite} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roller}}{h_f}}\right)\right)\right)$$

Evaluate Formula

Example with Units

$$3.5\text{E-}6 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 4359.69 \text{ Pa} \cdot \frac{0.011 \text{ mm}}{3.5 \text{ mm}} \cdot \exp\left(0.5 \cdot \left(2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{104 \text{ mm}}{7.5 \text{ mm}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(18.5^\circ \cdot \sqrt{\frac{104 \text{ mm}}{7.5 \text{ mm}}}\right) - 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{104 \text{ mm}}{7.5 \text{ mm}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan}\left(45.00^\circ \cdot \sqrt{\frac{104 \text{ mm}}{7.5 \text{ mm}}}\right)\right)\right)$$

1.3) Pressure on Rolls given H (Entry Side) Formula

Formula

$$P_{en} = S_e \cdot \frac{h_e}{h_{in}} \cdot \exp(\mu_{rp} \cdot (H_{in} - H_x))$$

Example with Units

$$9.9\text{E-}6 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 4359.69 \text{ Pa} \cdot \frac{0.011 \text{ mm}}{3.5 \text{ mm}} \cdot \exp(0.5 \cdot (3.35 - 4))$$

Evaluate Formula

1.4) Thickness of Stock at given Point on Entry Side Formula

Formula

$$h_e = \frac{P_{en} \cdot h_{in}}{S_e \cdot \exp(\mu_{rp} \cdot (H_{in} - H_x))}$$

Example with Units

$$0.011 \text{ mm} = \frac{0.0000099 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 3.5 \text{ mm}}{4359.69 \text{ Pa} \cdot \exp(0.5 \cdot (3.35 - 4))}$$

Evaluate Formula

2) Analysis at Exit Region Formulas

2.1) Mean Yield Shear Stress using Pressure on Exit Side Formula

Formula

$$S_y = \frac{P_{rolls} \cdot h_{ft}}{h_x \cdot \exp(\mu_r \cdot H)}$$

Example with Units

$$22027.006 \text{ Pa} = \frac{0.000190 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 7.3 \text{ mm}}{0.003135 \text{ mm} \cdot \exp(0.6 \cdot 5)}$$

Evaluate Formula



2.2) Pressure Acting on Rolls in Exit Region Formula

Formula

$$P_{ex} = S_y \cdot \frac{h_x}{h_{ft}} \cdot \exp \left(\mu_r \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roll}}{h_{ft}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan} \left(\theta_r \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R_{roll}}{h_{ft}}} \right) \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$0.0005 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 22027.01 \text{ Pa} \cdot \frac{0.003135 \text{ mm}}{7.3 \text{ mm}} \cdot \exp \left(0.6 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{100 \text{ mm}}{7.3 \text{ mm}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan} \left(18.5^\circ \cdot \sqrt{\frac{100 \text{ mm}}{7.3 \text{ mm}}} \right) \right)$$

2.3) Pressure on Rolls given H (Exit Side) Formula

Formula

$$P_{rolls} = S_y \cdot \frac{h_x}{h_{ft}} \cdot \exp \left(\mu_r \cdot H \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.0002 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 22027.01 \text{ Pa} \cdot \frac{0.003135 \text{ mm}}{7.3 \text{ mm}} \cdot \exp \left(0.6 \cdot 5 \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.4) Thickness of Stock at given Point on Exit Side Formula

Formula

$$h_x = \frac{P_{rolls} \cdot h_{ft}}{S_y \cdot \exp \left(\mu_r \cdot H \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.0031 \text{ mm} = \frac{0.000190 \text{ N/mm}^2 \cdot 7.3 \text{ mm}}{22027.01 \text{ Pa} \cdot \exp \left(0.6 \cdot 5 \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3) Rolling Analysis Formulas

3.1) Angle Subtended by Neutral Point Formula

Formula

$$\phi_n = \sqrt{\frac{h_{fi}}{R}} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{H_n}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{h_{fi}}{R}} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$5.5182^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{7.2 \text{ mm}}{102 \text{ mm}}} \cdot \tan \left(\frac{2.617882}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{7.2 \text{ mm}}{102 \text{ mm}}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.2) Bite Angle Formula

Formula

$$\alpha_b = \operatorname{acos} \left(1 - \frac{h}{2 \cdot R} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$30.0388^\circ = \operatorname{acos} \left(1 - \frac{27.4 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 102 \text{ mm}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.3) Factor H at Neutral Point Formula

Formula

$$H_n = \frac{H_i - \frac{\ln \left(\frac{h_i}{h_n} \right)}{\mu_f}}{2}$$

Example with Units

$$2.6179 = \frac{3.36 - \frac{\ln \left(\frac{3.4 \text{ mm}}{7.2 \text{ mm}} \right)}{0.4}}{2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.4) Factor H used in Rolling Calculations Formula

Formula

$$H_r = 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{R}{h_{fi}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan} \left(\sqrt{\frac{R}{h_{fi}}} \right) \cdot \theta_r$$

Example with Units

$$3.1868 = 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{102 \text{ mm}}{7.2 \text{ mm}}} \cdot \operatorname{atan} \left(\sqrt{\frac{102 \text{ mm}}{7.2 \text{ mm}}} \right) \cdot 18.5^\circ$$

Evaluate Formula 



3.5) Initial Stock Thickness given Pressure on Rolls Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$h_t = \frac{S \cdot h_s \cdot \exp(\mu_f \cdot (H_i - H_r))}{P}$$

Example with Units

$$1.0472 \text{ mm} = \frac{58730 \text{ Pa} \cdot 0.00313577819561353 \text{ mm} \cdot \exp(0.4 \cdot (3.36 - 3.18))}{0.000189 \text{ N/mm}^2}$$

3.6) Maximum Reduction in Thickness Possible Formula

Formula

$$\Delta t = \mu_f^2 \cdot R$$

Example with Units

$$16.32 \text{ mm} = 0.4^2 \cdot 102 \text{ mm}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.7) Pressure Considering Rolling Similar to Plane-Strain-Upsetting Process Formula

Formula

$$P_r = b \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \sigma}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{H_{sf} \cdot R \cdot \frac{\pi}{180} \cdot \alpha_b}{2 \cdot (h_i + h_f)} \right) \cdot R \cdot \frac{\pi}{180} \cdot \alpha_b$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$3.3\text{E-}5 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 14.5 \text{ mm} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 2.1 \text{ N/mm}^2}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0.41 \cdot 102 \text{ mm} \cdot \frac{3.1416}{180} \cdot 30.00^\circ}{2 \cdot (3.4 \text{ mm} + 7.2 \text{ mm})} \right) \cdot 102 \text{ mm} \cdot \frac{3.1416}{180} \cdot 30.00^\circ$$

3.8) Projected Area Formula

Formula

$$A = w \cdot (R \cdot \Delta t)^{0.5}$$

Example with Units

$$1.224 \text{ cm}^2 = 3 \text{ mm} \cdot (102 \text{ mm} \cdot 16.32 \text{ mm})^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.9) Projected Length Formula

Formula

$$L = (R \cdot \Delta t)^{0.5}$$

Example with Units

$$40.8 \text{ mm} = (102 \text{ mm} \cdot 16.32 \text{ mm})^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.10) Total Elongation of Stock Formula

Formula

$$E = \frac{A_i}{A_f}$$

Example with Units

$$6.6667 = \frac{60 \text{ cm}^2}{9 \text{ cm}^2}$$






Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of Rolling Process Formulas above

- **A** Projected Area (Square Centimeter)
- **A_f** Final Cross Sectional Area (Square Centimeter)
- **A_i** Initial Cross Sectional Area (Square Centimeter)
- **b** Strip Width of Spiral Spring (Millimeter)
- **E** Total Stock or Workpiece Elongation
- **h** Height (Millimeter)
- **H** Factor H at given Point on Workpiece
- **h_e** Thickness at Entry (Millimeter)
- **h_f** Final Thickness after Rolling (Millimeter)
- **h_{fi}** Thickness after Rolling (Millimeter)
- **h_{ft}** Final Thickness (Millimeter)
- **h_i** Thickness before Rolling (Millimeter)
- **H_i** Factor H at Entry Point on Workpiece
- **h_{in}** Initial Thickness (Millimeter)
- **H_{in}** H Factor at Entry Point on Workpiece
- **H_n** Factor H at Neutral Point
- **H_r** Factor H in Rolling Calculation
- **h_s** Thickness at given Point (Millimeter)
- **h_t** Initial Stock Thickness (Millimeter)
- **h_x** Thickness at the given Point (Millimeter)
- **H_x** Factor H at a Point on Workpiece
- **L** Projected Length (Millimeter)
- **P** Pressure Acting on Rolls (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- **P_{en}** Pressure Acting at Entry (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- **P_{ex}** Pressure Acting on Exit (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- **P_r** Pressure Acting while Rolling (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- **P_{rolls}** Pressure on Roller (Newton per Square Millimeter)
- **R** Roller Radius (Millimeter)
- **R_{roll}** Roll Radius (Millimeter)
- **R_{roller}** Radius of Roller (Millimeter)
- **S** Mean Yield Shear Stress of Work Material (Pascal)
- **S_e** Mean Yield Shear Stress (Pascal)
- **S_y** Mean Yield Shear Stress at Exit (Pascal)
- **w** Width (Millimeter)
- **α_b** Bite Angle (Degree)
- **α_{bite}** Angle of Bite (Degree)
- **Δt** Change in Thickness (Millimeter)
- **Θ_r** Angle made by Point Roll Center and Normal (Degree)
- **μ_f** Friction Coefficient in Rolling Analysis

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Rolling Process Formulas above

- **constant(s):** pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Functions: acos,** acos(Number)
The inverse cosine function, is the inverse function of the cosine function. It is the function that takes a ratio as an input and returns the angle whose cosine is equal to that ratio.
- **Functions: atan,** atan(Number)
Inverse tan is used to calculate the angle by applying the tangent ratio of the angle, which is the opposite side divided by the adjacent side of the right triangle.
- **Functions: cos,** cos(Angle)
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Functions: exp,** exp(Number)
n an exponential function, the value of the function changes by a constant factor for every unit change in the independent variable.
- **Functions: ln,** ln(Number)
The natural logarithm, also known as the logarithm to the base e, is the inverse function of the natural exponential function.
- **Functions: sqrt,** sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Functions: tan,** tan(Angle)
The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- **Measurement: Length** in Millimeter (mm)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Area** in Square Centimeter (cm²)
Area Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Pressure** in Newton per Square Millimeter (N/mm²)
Pressure Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Angle** in Degree (°)
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Stress** in Pascal (Pa)
Stress Unit Conversion 




- μ_r Friction Coefficient
- μ_{rp} Coefficient of Friction
- μ_{sf} Frictional Shear Factor
- σ Flow Stress of Work Material (*Newton per Square Millimeter*)
- Φ_n Angle subtended at Neutral Point (*Degree*)



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