

Important Darcy Weisbach Equation Formulas PDF



Formulas
Examples
with Units

List of 26 Important Darcy Weisbach Equation Formulas

1) Area of Pipe given Total Required Power Formula

Formula

$$A = \frac{P}{L_p \cdot dp|dr \cdot V_{\text{mean}}}$$

Example with Units

$$2 \text{ m}^2 = \frac{34.34 \text{ W}}{0.10 \text{ m} \cdot 17 \text{ N/m}^2 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2) Density of Fluid given Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$\rho_{\text{Fluid}} = \mu \cdot \frac{64}{f \cdot D_{\text{pipe}} \cdot V_{\text{mean}}}$$

Example with Units

$$1.2799 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 10.2 \text{ P} \cdot \frac{64}{5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m} \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3) Density of Liquid given Shear Stress and Darcy Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$\rho_{\text{Fluid}} = 8 \cdot \frac{\tau}{f \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot V_{\text{mean}}}$$

Example with Units

$$1.4602 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 8 \cdot \frac{93.1 \text{ Pa}}{5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4) Density of Liquid using Mean Velocity given Shear Stress with Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$\rho_{\text{Fluid}} = 8 \cdot \frac{\tau}{f \cdot (V_{\text{mean}})^2}$$

Example with Units

$$1.4602 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 8 \cdot \frac{93.1 \text{ Pa}}{5 \cdot (10.1 \text{ m/s})^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

5) Diameter of Pipe given Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$D_{\text{pipe}} = \frac{64 \cdot \mu}{f \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot \rho_{\text{Fluid}}}$$

Example with Units

$$1.0552 \text{ m} = \frac{64 \cdot 10.2 \text{ P}}{5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

Evaluate Formula 

6) Diameter of Pipe given Head Loss due to Frictional Resistance Formula

Formula

$$D_{\text{pipe}} = f \cdot L_p \cdot \frac{V_{\text{mean}}^2}{2 \cdot [g] \cdot h}$$

Example with Units

$$1.0402 \text{ m} = 5 \cdot 0.10 \text{ m} \cdot \frac{10.1 \text{ m/s}^2}{2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 2.5 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



7) Dynamic Viscosity given Friction Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$\mu = \frac{f \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot D_{\text{pipe}} \cdot \rho_{\text{Fluid}}}{64}$$

Example with Units

$$9.7627 \text{ P} = \frac{5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 1.01 \text{ m} \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3}{64}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

8) Head Loss due to Frictional Resistance Formula ↻

Formula

$$h = f \cdot L_p \cdot \frac{V_{\text{mean}}^2}{2 \cdot [g] \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}$$

Example with Units

$$2.5748 \text{ m} = 5 \cdot 0.10 \text{ m} \cdot \frac{10.1 \text{ m/s}^2}{2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

9) Length of Pipe given Head Loss due to Frictional Resistance Formula ↻

Formula

$$L_p = \frac{h \cdot 2 \cdot [g] \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}{f \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot 2}$$

Example with Units

$$0.4903 \text{ m} = \frac{2.5 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}{5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

10) Pressure Gradient given Total Required Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$dp|dr = \frac{P}{L_p \cdot A \cdot V_{\text{mean}}}$$

Example with Units

$$17 \text{ N/m}^3 = \frac{34.34 \text{ W}}{0.10 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

11) Reynolds Number given Friction Factor Formula ↻

Formula

$$Re = \frac{64}{f}$$

Example

$$12.8 = \frac{64}{5}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

12) Shear Stress given Friction Factor and Density Formula ↻

Formula

$$\tau = \rho_{\text{Fluid}} \cdot f \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot \frac{V_{\text{mean}}}{8}$$

Example with Units

$$78.1014 \text{ Pa} = 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 5 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot \frac{10.1 \text{ m/s}}{8}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

13) Shear Velocity Formula ↻

Formula

$$V_{\text{shear}} = V_{\text{mean}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{f}{8}}$$

Example with Units

$$7.9848 \text{ m/s} = 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{5}{8}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

14) Total Required Power Formula ↻

Formula

$$P = dp|dr \cdot A \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot L_p$$

Example with Units

$$34.34 \text{ W} = 17 \text{ N/m}^3 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 0.10 \text{ m}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



15) Friction Factor Formulas

15.1) Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$f = 64 \cdot \frac{\mu}{\rho_{\text{Fluid}} \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}$$

Example with Units

$$5.224 = 64 \cdot \frac{10.2 \text{ P}}{1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

15.2) Friction Factor given Reynolds Number Formula

Formula

$$f = \frac{64}{\text{Re}}$$

Example

$$5 = \frac{64}{12.8}$$

Evaluate Formula 

15.3) Friction Factor given Shear Stress and Density Formula

Formula

$$f = \frac{8 \cdot \tau}{V_{\text{mean}} \cdot V_{\text{mean}} \cdot \rho_{\text{Fluid}}}$$

Example with Units

$$5.9602 = \frac{8 \cdot 93.1 \text{ Pa}}{10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s} \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3}$$

Evaluate Formula 

15.4) Friction Factor given Shear Velocity Formula

Formula

$$f = 8 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{\text{shear}}}{V_{\text{mean}}} \right)^2$$

Example with Units

$$6.3523 = 8 \cdot \left(\frac{9 \text{ m/s}}{10.1 \text{ m/s}} \right)^2$$

Evaluate Formula 

15.5) Friction Factor when Head Loss is due to Frictional Resistance Formula

Formula

$$f = \frac{h \cdot 2 \cdot [g] \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}{L_p \cdot V_{\text{mean}}^2}$$

Example with Units

$$4.8548 = \frac{2.5 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}{0.10 \text{ m} \cdot 10.1 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16) Mean Velocity of Flow Formulas

16.1) Mean Velocity of Flow given Friction Factor Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \frac{64 \cdot \mu}{f \cdot \rho_{\text{Fluid}} \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}$$

Example with Units

$$10.5524 \text{ m/s} = \frac{64 \cdot 10.2 \text{ P}}{5 \cdot 1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16.2) Mean Velocity of Flow given Head Loss due to Frictional Resistance Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \sqrt{\frac{h \cdot 2 \cdot [g] \cdot D_{\text{pipe}}}{f \cdot L_p}}$$

Example with Units

$$9.9522 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{\frac{2.5 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot 1.01 \text{ m}}{5 \cdot 0.10 \text{ m}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 



16.3) Mean Velocity of Flow given Maximum Velocity at Axis of Cylindrical Element Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = 0.5 \cdot V_{\text{max}}$$

Example with Units

$$10.1 \text{ m/s} = 0.5 \cdot 20.2 \text{ m/s}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16.4) Mean Velocity of Flow given Shear Stress and Density Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \sqrt{\frac{8 \cdot \tau}{\rho_{\text{Fluid}} \cdot f}}$$

Example with Units

$$11.0272 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{\frac{8 \cdot 93.1 \text{ Pa}}{1.225 \text{ kg/m}^3 \cdot 5}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16.5) Mean Velocity of Flow given Shear Velocity Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \frac{V_{\text{shear}}}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{8}}}$$

Example with Units

$$11.3842 \text{ m/s} = \frac{9 \text{ m/s}}{\sqrt{\frac{5}{8}}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16.6) Mean Velocity of Flow given Total Required Power Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \frac{P}{L_p \cdot dp|dr \cdot A}$$

Example with Units

$$10.1 \text{ m/s} = \frac{34.34 \text{ W}}{0.10 \text{ m} \cdot 17 \text{ N/m}^3 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2}$$

Evaluate Formula 

16.7) Mean Velocity of Fluid Flow Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{mean}} = \left(\frac{1}{8 \cdot \mu} \right) \cdot dp|dr \cdot R^2$$

Example with Units

$$8.3333 \text{ m/s} = \left(\frac{1}{8 \cdot 10.2 \text{ P}} \right) \cdot 17 \text{ N/m}^3 \cdot 2 \text{ m}^2$$









Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of Darcy Weisbach Equation Formulas above

- **A** Cross Sectional Area of Pipe (Square Meter)
- **D_{pipe}** Diameter of Pipe (Meter)
- **dp|dr** Pressure Gradient (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- **f** Darcy Friction Factor
- **h** Head Loss due to Friction (Meter)
- **L_p** Length of Pipe (Meter)
- **P** Power (Watt)
- **R** Radius of pipe (Meter)
- **Re** Reynolds Number
- **V_{max}** Maximum Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V_{mean}** Mean Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **V_{shear}** Shear Velocity (Meter per Second)
- **μ** Dynamic Viscosity (Poise)
- **ρ_{Fluid}** Density of Fluid (Kilogram per Cubic Meter)
- **τ** Shear Stress (Pascal)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Darcy Weisbach Equation Formulas above

- **constant(s):** [g], 9.80665
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Functions:** sqrt, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement: Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Area** in Square Meter (m²)
Area Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Power** in Watt (W)
Power Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Dynamic Viscosity** in Poise (P)
Dynamic Viscosity Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)
Density Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Pressure Gradient** in Newton per Cubic Meter (N/m³)
Pressure Gradient Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Stress** in Pascal (Pa)
Stress Unit Conversion 



Download other Important Steady Laminar Flow Equations PDFs

- **Important Darcy Weisbach Equation Formulas** 

Try our Unique Visual Calculators

-  Percentage error 
-  LCM of three numbers 
-  Subtract fraction 

Please SHARE this PDF with someone who needs it!

This PDF can be downloaded in these languages

[English](#) [Spanish](#) [French](#) [German](#) [Russian](#) [Italian](#) [Portuguese](#) [Polish](#) [Dutch](#)

9/30/2024 | 1:08:35 PM UTC

