

# Important Power Converter Characteristics Formulas PDF



## Formulas Examples with Units

## List of 19 Important Power Converter Characteristics Formulas

### 1) Average DC Output Voltage of Single Phase Full Converter Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{avg-dc(full)}} = \frac{2 \cdot V_{\text{m-dc(full)}} \cdot \cos(\alpha_{\text{full}})}{\pi}$$

Example with Units

$$73.0084\text{v} = \frac{2 \cdot 140\text{v} \cdot \cos(35^\circ)}{3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 2) Average Load Current of Three Phase Semi-Current Formula

Formula

$$I_{\text{L(3}\Phi\text{-semi)}} = \frac{V_{\text{avg(3}\Phi\text{-semi)}}}{R_{3\Phi\text{-semi}}}$$

Example with Units

$$0.8693\text{A} = \frac{25.21\text{v}}{29\Omega}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 3) Average Output Voltage for Continuous Load Current Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{avg(3}\Phi\text{-half)}} = \frac{3 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot V_{\text{in(3}\Phi\text{-half)i}} \cdot (\cos(\alpha_{\text{d(3}\Phi\text{-half)}}))}{2 \cdot \pi}$$

Example with Units

$$38.9556\text{v} = \frac{3 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 182\text{v} \cdot (\cos(75^\circ))}{2 \cdot 3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula 

### 4) Average Output Voltage for PWM Control Formula

Formula

$$E_{\text{dc}} = \left( \frac{E_{\text{m}}}{\pi} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, p, (\cos(\alpha_{\text{k}}) - \cos(\beta_{\text{k}})))$$

Example with Units

$$80.3916\text{v} = \left( \frac{230\text{v}}{3.1416} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, 3, (\cos(30^\circ) - \cos(60.0^\circ)))$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 5) Average Output Voltage for Three-Phase Converter Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{avg}(3\Phi\text{-full})} = \frac{2 \cdot V_{m(3\Phi\text{-full})} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\alpha_{d(3\Phi\text{-full})}}{2}\right)}{\pi}$$

Example with Units

$$115.2489\text{v} = \frac{2 \cdot 221\text{v} \cdot \cos\left(\frac{70^\circ}{2}\right)}{3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 6) Average Output Voltage of Single Phase Semi-Converter with Highly Inductive Load Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{avg(semi)}} = \left(\frac{V_{m(\text{semi})}}{\pi}\right) \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_{(\text{semi})}))$$

Example with Units

$$9.7278\text{v} = \left(\frac{22.8\text{v}}{3.1416}\right) \cdot (1 + \cos(70.1^\circ))$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 7) Average Output Voltage of Single Phase Thyristor Converter with Resistive Load Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{avg(thy)}} = \left(\frac{V_{in(\text{thy})}}{2 \cdot \pi}\right) \cdot (1 + \cos(\alpha_{d(\text{thy})}))$$

Example with Units

$$2.5568\text{v} = \left(\frac{12\text{v}}{2 \cdot 3.1416}\right) \cdot (1 + \cos(70.2^\circ))$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 8) DC Output Voltage for First Converter Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{out(first)}} = \frac{2 \cdot V_{in(\text{dual})} \cdot (\cos(\alpha_{1(\text{dual})}))}{\pi}$$

Example with Units

$$73.7829\text{v} = \frac{2 \cdot 125\text{v} \cdot (\cos(22^\circ))}{3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula 

## 9) DC Output Voltage of Second Converter Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{out(second)}} = \frac{2 \cdot V_{in(\text{dual})} \cdot (\cos(\alpha_{2(\text{dual})}))}{\pi}$$

Example with Units

$$39.7887\text{v} = \frac{2 \cdot 125\text{v} \cdot (\cos(60^\circ))}{3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula 



## 10) Fundamental Supply Current for PWM Control Formula

Formula

$$I_{S(\text{fund})} = \left( \frac{\sqrt{Z} \cdot I_a}{\pi} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, p, (\cos(\alpha_k)) - (\cos(\beta_k)))$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$1.0875A = \left( \frac{\sqrt{Z} \cdot 2.2A}{3.1416} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, 3, (\cos(30^\circ)) - (\cos(60.0^\circ)))$$

## 11) RMS Harmonic Current for PWM Control Formula

Formula

$$I_n = \left( \frac{\sqrt{Z} \cdot I_a}{\pi} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, p, (\cos(n \cdot \alpha_k)) - (\cos(n \cdot \beta_k)))$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$2.971A = \left( \frac{\sqrt{Z} \cdot 2.2A}{3.1416} \right) \cdot \sum (x, 1, 3, (\cos(3.0 \cdot 30^\circ)) - (\cos(3.0 \cdot 60.0^\circ)))$$

## 12) RMS Output Voltage for Continuous Load Current Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(3\Phi\text{-half})} = \sqrt{3} \cdot V_{\text{in}(3\Phi\text{-half})i} \cdot \left( \left( \frac{1}{6} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \cos(2 \cdot \alpha_{d(3\Phi\text{-half})})}{8 \cdot \pi} \right)^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$103.1076v = \sqrt{3} \cdot 182v \cdot \left( \left( \frac{1}{6} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \cos(2 \cdot 75^\circ)}{8 \cdot 3.1416} \right)^{0.5}$$

## 13) RMS Output Voltage for Resistive Load Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(3\Phi\text{-half})} = \sqrt{3} \cdot V_{m(3\Phi\text{-half})} \cdot \left( \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{6} \right) + \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \cos(2 \cdot \alpha_{d(3\Phi\text{-half})})}{8 \cdot \pi} \right)} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$125.7686v = \sqrt{3} \cdot 222v \cdot \left( \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{6} \right) + \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot \cos(2 \cdot 75^\circ)}{8 \cdot 3.1416} \right)} \right)$$



#### 14) RMS Output Voltage for Three Phase Semi-Converter Formula

Evaluate Formula 

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(3\Phi\text{-semi})} = \sqrt{3} \cdot V_{\text{in}(3\Phi\text{-semi})} \cdot \left( \left( \frac{3}{4 \cdot \pi} \right) \cdot \left( \pi - \alpha_{(3\Phi\text{-semi})} + \left( \frac{\sin(2 \cdot \alpha_{(3\Phi\text{-semi})})}{2} \right) \right) \right)^{0.5}$$

Example with Units

$$14.0231 \text{ v} = \sqrt{3} \cdot 22.7 \text{ v} \cdot \left( \left( \frac{3}{4 \cdot 3.1416} \right) \cdot \left( 3.1416 - 70.3^\circ + \left( \frac{\sin(2 \cdot 70.3^\circ)}{2} \right) \right) \right)^{0.5}$$

#### 15) RMS Output Voltage of Single Phase Full Converter Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(\text{full})} = \frac{V_{\text{m}(\text{full})}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Example with Units

$$154.8564 \text{ v} = \frac{219 \text{ v}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

#### 16) RMS Output Voltage of Single Phase Semi-Converter with Highly Inductive Load Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(\text{semi})} = \left( \frac{V_{\text{m}(\text{semi})}}{2^{0.5}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{180 - \alpha_{(\text{semi})}}{180} + \left( \frac{0.5}{\pi} \right) \cdot \sin(2 \cdot \alpha_{(\text{semi})}) \right)^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$16.8711 \text{ v} = \left( \frac{22.8 \text{ v}}{2^{0.5}} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{180 - 70.1^\circ}{180} + \left( \frac{0.5}{3.1416} \right) \cdot \sin(2 \cdot 70.1^\circ) \right)^{0.5}$$

#### 17) RMS Output Voltage of Single Phase Thyristor Converter with Resistive Load Formula

Formula

$$V_{\text{rms}(\text{thy})} = \left( \frac{V_{\text{in}(\text{thy})}}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{180 - \alpha_{\text{d}(\text{thy})}}{180} + \left( \frac{0.5}{\pi} \right) \cdot \sin(2 \cdot \alpha_{\text{d}(\text{thy})}) \right)^{0.5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

Example with Units

$$6.2775 \text{ v} = \left( \frac{12 \text{ v}}{2} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{180 - 70.2^\circ}{180} + \left( \frac{0.5}{3.1416} \right) \cdot \sin(2 \cdot 70.2^\circ) \right)^{0.5}$$



## 18) RMS Output Voltage of Three-Phase Full Converter Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$V_{\text{rms}(3\Phi\text{-full})} = \left( (6)^{0.5} \cdot V_{\text{in}(3\Phi\text{-full})} \cdot \left( \left( 0.25 + 0.65 \cdot \frac{\cos(2 \cdot \alpha_{\text{d}(3\Phi\text{-full})})}{\pi} \right)^{0.5} \right) \right)$$

Example with Units

$$163.0118\text{v} = \left( (6)^{0.5} \cdot 220\text{v} \cdot \left( \left( 0.25 + 0.65 \cdot \frac{\cos(2 \cdot 70^\circ)}{3.1416} \right)^{0.5} \right) \right)$$

## 19) RMS Supply Current for PWM Control Formula

Formula

Evaluate Formula 

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{I_a}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cdot \sqrt{\sum (x, 1, p, (\beta_k - \alpha_k))}$$

Example with Units

$$1.5556\text{A} = \frac{2.2\text{A}}{\sqrt{3.1416}} \cdot \sqrt{\sum (x, 1, 3, (60.0^\circ - 30^\circ))}$$



## Variables used in list of Power Converter Characteristics Formulas above

- $E_{dc}$  Average Output Voltage of PWM Controlled Converter (Volt)
- $E_m$  Peak Input Voltage of PWM Converter (Volt)
- $I_a$  Armature Current (Ampere)
- $I_L(3\Phi\text{-semi})$  Load Current 3 Phase Semi Converter (Ampere)
- $I_n$  RMS nth Harmonic Current (Ampere)
- $I_{rms}$  Root Mean Square Current (Ampere)
- $I_S(\text{fund})$  Fundamental Supply Current (Ampere)
- $n$  Harmonic Order
- $p$  Number of Pulse in Half-cycle of PWM
- $R_{3\Phi\text{-semi}}$  Resistance 3 Phase Semi Converter (Ohm)
- $V_{avg(3\Phi\text{-full})}$  Average Voltage 3 Phase Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{avg(3\Phi\text{-half})}$  Average Voltage 3 Phase Half Converter (Volt)
- $V_{avg(3\Phi\text{-semi})}$  Average Voltage 3 Phase Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{avg(\text{semi})}$  Average Voltage Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{avg(\text{thy})}$  Average Voltage Thyristor Converter (Volt)
- $V_{avg\text{-dc}(\text{full})}$  Average Voltage Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{in(3\Phi\text{-full})}$  Peak Input Voltage 3 Phase Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{in(3\Phi\text{-half})}$  Peak Input Voltage 3 Phase Half Converter (Volt)
- $V_{in(3\Phi\text{-semi})}$  Peak Input Voltage 3 Phase Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{in(\text{dual})}$  Peak Input Voltage Dual Converter (Volt)

## Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Power Converter Characteristics Formulas above

- **constant(s):**  $\pi$ , 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288  
*Archimedes' constant*
- **Functions:** **cos**,  $\cos(\text{Angle})$   
*Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.*
- **Functions:** **sin**,  $\sin(\text{Angle})$   
*Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.*
- **Functions:** **sqrt**,  $\sqrt{\text{Number}}$   
*A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.*
- **Functions:** **sum**,  $\text{sum}(i, \text{from}, \text{to}, \text{expr})$   
*Summation or sigma ( $\Sigma$ ) notation is a method used to write out a long sum in a concise way.*
- **Measurement:** **Electric Current** in Ampere (A)  
*Electric Current Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree ( $^\circ$ )  
*Angle Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement:** **Electric Resistance** in Ohm ( $\Omega$ )  
*Electric Resistance Unit Conversion* ↻
- **Measurement:** **Electric Potential** in Volt (V)  
*Electric Potential Unit Conversion* ↻



- $V_{in(thy)}$  Peak Input Voltage Thyristor Converter (Volt)
- $V_{m(3\Phi-full)}$  Peak Phase Voltage Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{m(3\Phi-half)}$  Peak Phase Voltage (Volt)
- $V_{m(full)}$  Maximum Input Voltage Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{m(semi)}$  Maximum Input Voltage Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{m-dc(full)}$  Maximum DC Output Voltage Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{out(first)}$  DC Output Voltage First Converter (Volt)
- $V_{out(second)}$  DC Output Voltage Second Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(3\Phi-full)}$  RMS Output Voltage 3 Phase Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(3\Phi-half)}$  RMS Output Voltage 3 Phase Half Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(3\Phi-semi)}$  RMS Output Voltage 3 Phase Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(full)}$  RMS Output Voltage Full Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(semi)}$  RMS Output Voltage Semi Converter (Volt)
- $V_{rms(thy)}$  RMS Voltage Thyristor Converter (Volt)
- $\alpha(3\Phi-semi)$  Delay Angle of 3 Phase Semi Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha(semi)$  Delay Angle Semi Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_1(dual)$  Delay Angle of First Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_2(dual)$  Delay Angle of Second Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_d(3\Phi-full)$  Delay Angle of 3 Phase Full Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_d(3\Phi-half)$  Delay Angle of 3 Phase Half Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_d(thy)$  Delay Angle of Thyristor Converter (Degree)



- $\alpha_{full}$  Firing Angle Full Converter (Degree)
- $\alpha_k$  Excitation Angle (Degree)
- $\beta_k$  Symmetrical Angle (Degree)





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