

Important Lifting Machines Formulas PDF



**Formulas
Examples
with Units**

**List of 33
Important Lifting Machines Formulas**

1) Machine Design Characteristics Formulas

1.1) Efficiency of Machine given Mechanical Advantage and Velocity Ratio Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.2) Effort Required by Machine to Overcome Resistance to Get Work Done Formula

Formula

$$P = \frac{W}{M_a}$$

Example with Units

$$200\text{ N} = \frac{1000\text{ N}}{5}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.3) Frictional Effort Lost Formula

Formula

$$F_e = P \cdot \frac{W}{V_i}$$

Example with Units

$$33.3333\text{ N} = 200\text{ N} \cdot \frac{1000\text{ N}}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.4) Ideal Effort given Load and Velocity Ratio Formula

Formula

$$P_o = \frac{W}{V_i}$$

Example with Units

$$166.6667\text{ N} = \frac{1000\text{ N}}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.5) Ideal Load given Velocity Ratio and Effort Formula

Formula

$$W_i = V_i \cdot P$$

Example with Units

$$1200\text{ N} = 6 \cdot 200\text{ N}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.6) Load Lifted given Effort and Mechanical Advantage Formula

Formula

$$W = M_a \cdot P$$

Example with Units

$$1000\text{ N} = 5 \cdot 200\text{ N}$$

Evaluate Formula 



1.7) Mechanical Advantage given Load and Effort Formula

Formula

$$M_a = \frac{W}{P}$$

Example with Units

$$5 = \frac{1000_N}{200_N}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.8) Useful Work Output of Machine Formula

Formula

$$W_l = W \cdot D_l$$

Example with Units

$$3750_J = 1000_N \cdot 3.75_m$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.9) Velocity Ratio given Distance Moved due to Effort and Distance Moved due to Load Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{D_e}{D_l}$$

Example with Units

$$6.4 = \frac{24_m}{3.75_m}$$

Evaluate Formula 

1.10) Work Done by Effort Formula

Formula

$$W_l = W \cdot D_l$$

Example with Units

$$3750_J = 1000_N \cdot 3.75_m$$

Evaluate Formula 

2) Pulley Block Formulas

2.1) Efficiency of Geared Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.2) Efficiency of Weston's Differential Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.3) Efficiency of Worm Geared Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 



2.4) Net Shortening of Chain in Weston's Differential Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$L_c = \pi \cdot (d_1 - d_s)$$

Example with Units

$$0.0628\text{ m} = 3.1416 \cdot (0.06\text{ m} - .04\text{ m})$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.5) Net Shortening of String in Worm Gear Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$L_s = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R}{T_w}$$

Example with Units

$$0.2749\text{ m} = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 1.4\text{ m}}{32}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.6) Velocity Ratio in Weston's Differential Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot d_1}{d_1 - d_s}$$

Example with Units

$$6 = \frac{2 \cdot 0.06\text{ m}}{0.06\text{ m} - .04\text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.7) Velocity Ratio in Weston's Differential Pulley given Number of Teeth Formula

Formula

$$V_i = 2 \cdot \frac{T_1}{T_1 - T_2}$$

Example

$$6.1333 = 2 \cdot \frac{46}{46 - 31}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.8) Velocity Ratio in Weston's Differential Pulley given Radius of Pulleys Formula

Formula

$$V_i = 2 \cdot \frac{r_1}{r_1 - r_2}$$

Example with Units

$$6.5455 = 2 \cdot \frac{9\text{ m}}{9\text{ m} - 6.25\text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

2.9) Velocity Ratio of Worm Geared Pulley Block Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{d_w \cdot T_w}{R}$$

Example with Units

$$6.8571 = \frac{0.3\text{ m} \cdot 32}{1.4\text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3) Screw Jack Formulas

3.1) Efficiency of Differential Screw Jack Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 



3.2) Efficiency of Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{\tan(\psi)}{\tan(\psi + \theta)} \cdot 100$$

Example with Units

$$0.8398 = \frac{\tan(12.9^\circ)}{\tan(12.9^\circ + 75^\circ)} \cdot 100$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.3) Efficiency of Worm Geared Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.4) Torque Required while Load is Ascending in Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$T_{asc} = \frac{d_m}{2} \cdot W \cdot \tan(\theta + \phi)$$

Example with Units

$$2748.4519 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} = \frac{0.24 \text{ m}}{2} \cdot 1000 \text{ N} \cdot \tan(75^\circ + 12.5^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.5) Torque Required while Load is Descending in Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$T_{des} = \frac{d_m}{2} \cdot W \cdot \tan(\theta - \phi)$$

Example with Units

$$230.5179 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} = \frac{0.24 \text{ m}}{2} \cdot 1000 \text{ N} \cdot \tan(75^\circ - 12.5^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.6) Velocity Ratio of Differential Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot l}{p_a - p_b}$$

Example with Units

$$6.2832 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 12 \text{ m}}{34 \text{ m} - 22 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.7) Velocity Ratio of Simple Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot l}{p_s}$$

Example with Units

$$5.3856 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 12 \text{ m}}{14 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻

3.8) Velocity Ratio of Worm Geared Screw Jack Formula ↻

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_w \cdot T_s}{p_s}$$

Example with Units

$$6.4851 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 0.85 \text{ m} \cdot 17}{14 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↻



3.9) Velocity Ratio of Worm Geared Screw Jack with Double Threaded Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_w \cdot T_w}{2 \cdot P_s}$$

Example with Units

$$6.1037 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 0.85 \text{ m} \cdot 32}{2 \cdot 14 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

3.10) Velocity Ratio of Worm Geared Screw Jack with Multiple Threads Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_w \cdot T_w}{n \cdot P_s}$$

Example with Units

$$6.1037 = \frac{2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot 0.85 \text{ m} \cdot 32}{2 \cdot 14 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4) Worm Wheel Formulas

4.1) Efficiency of Worm and Worm Wheel Formula

Formula

$$\eta = \frac{M_a}{V_i}$$

Example

$$0.8333 = \frac{5}{6}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.2) Velocity Ratio of Worm and Worm Wheel Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{D_m \cdot T_w}{2 \cdot R_d}$$

Example with Units

$$6.8571 = \frac{0.15 \text{ m} \cdot 32}{2 \cdot 0.35 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.3) Velocity Ratio of Worm and Worm Wheel, if Worm has Multiple Threads Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{d_w \cdot T_w}{2 \cdot n \cdot R_d}$$

Example with Units

$$6.8571 = \frac{0.3 \text{ m} \cdot 32}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 0.35 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula 

4.4) Velocity Ratio of Worm and Worm Wheel, if Worm is Double Threaded Formula

Formula

$$V_i = \frac{d_w \cdot T_w}{4 \cdot R_d}$$

Example with Units

$$6.8571 = \frac{0.3 \text{ m} \cdot 32}{4 \cdot 0.35 \text{ m}}$$






Evaluate Formula 



Variables used in list of Lifting Machines Formulas above

- D_e Distance Moved Due to Effort (Meter)
- d_l Diameter of Larger Pulley (Meter)
- D_l Distance Moved Due to Load (Meter)
- d_m Mean Diameter of Screw (Meter)
- D_m Minimum Diameter of Effort Wheel (Meter)
- d_s Diameter of Smaller Pulley (Meter)
- d_w Diameter of Effort Wheel (Meter)
- F_e Frictional Effort Lost (Newton)
- l Length of Lever Arm (Meter)
- L_c Net Shortening of Chain (Meter)
- L_s Net Shortening of String (Meter)
- M_a Mechanical Advantage
- n Number of Threads
- P Effort (Newton)
- p_a Pitch of Screw A (Meter)
- p_b Pitch of Screw B (Meter)
- P_o Ideal Effort (Newton)
- P_s Pitch (Meter)
- R Radius of Pulley (Meter)
- r_1 Radius of Larger Pulley (Meter)
- r_2 Radius of Smaller Pulley (Meter)
- R_d Radius of Load Drum (Meter)
- R_w Radius of Effort Wheel (Meter)
- T_1 Number of Teeth of Larger Pulley
- T_2 Number of Teeth of Smaller Pulley
- T_{asc} Torque Required While Load is Ascending (Newton Meter)
- T_{des} Torque Required While Load is Descending (Newton Meter)
- T_s Number of Teeth in Screw Shaft
- T_w Number of Teeth on Worm Wheel

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Lifting Machines Formulas above

- **constant(s):** π ,
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Functions:** **tan**, $\tan(\text{Angle})$
The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.
- **Measurement: Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Energy** in Joule (J)
Energy Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Force** in Newton (N)
Force Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Angle** in Degree ($^\circ$)
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Torque** in Newton Meter (N*m)
Torque Unit Conversion 



- V_i Velocity Ratio
- W Load (Newton)
- W_i Ideal Load (Newton)
- W_l Work Done (Joule)
- η Efficiency
- θ Angle of Friction (Degree)
- Φ Limiting Angle of Friction (Degree)
- ψ Helix Angle (Degree)



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