

Important Wave Parameters Formulas PDF



Formulas
Examples
with Units

List of 18
Important Wave Parameters Formulas

1) Angular or Radian Frequency of Wave Formula [🔗](#)

Formula

$$\omega = 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{P}$$

Example with Units

$$6.1002 \text{ rad/s} = 2 \cdot \frac{3.1416}{1.03}$$

Evaluate Formula [🔗](#)

2) Eckart's Equation for Wavelength Formula [🔗](#)

Formula

$$\lambda = \left(\left([g] \cdot \frac{P^2}{2} \cdot \pi \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\tanh\left(4 \cdot \frac{\pi^2 \cdot d}{P^2} \right)}{[g]}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula [🔗](#)

Example with Units

$$49.6865 \text{ m} = \left(\left(9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2 \cdot \frac{1.03^2}{2} \cdot 3.1416 \right) \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\tanh\left(4 \cdot 3.1416^2 \cdot 0.91 \text{ m} \right)}{1.03^2} \cdot 9.8066 \text{ m/s}^2} \right)$$

3) Elevation of Water Surface Relative to SWL Formula [🔗](#)

Formula

$$\eta = a \cdot \cos(\theta)$$

Example with Units

$$1.351 \text{ m} = 1.56 \text{ m} \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$$

Evaluate Formula [🔗](#)

4) Major Horizontal Semi-Axis given wavelength, Wave Height and Water Depth Formula [🔗](#)

Formula

$$A = \left(\frac{H}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{\cosh\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d_{Z+d}}{\lambda} \right)}{\sinh\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$7.759 = \left(\frac{3 \text{ m}}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{\cosh\left(2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{2 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}} \right)}{\sinh\left(2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{0.91 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}} \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula [🔗](#)

5) Maximum Wave Steepness for Waves Travelling Formula [🔗](#)

Formula

$$\varepsilon_s = 0.142 \cdot \tanh\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \right)$$

Example with Units

$$0.0298 = 0.142 \cdot \tanh\left(2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{0.91 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}} \right)$$

Evaluate Formula [🔗](#)



6) Minor Vertical Semi-Axis given Wavelength, Wave Height and Water Depth Formula ↗

Formula

$$B = \left(\frac{H}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{\sinh\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{D_{z+d}}{\lambda} \right)}{\sinh\left(2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \right)}$$

Example with Units

$$3.393 = \left(\frac{3 \text{ m}}{2} \right) \cdot \frac{\sinh\left(2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{2 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}} \right)}{\sinh\left(2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{0.91 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}} \right)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

7) Phase Velocity or Wave Celerity Formula ↗

Formula

$$C = \frac{\lambda}{P}$$

Example with Units

$$26.0194 \text{ m/s} = \frac{26.8 \text{ m}}{1.03}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

8) Phase Velocity or Wave Celerity given Radian Frequency and Wavenumber Formula ↗

Formula

$$C = \frac{\omega}{k}$$

Example with Units

$$26.9565 \text{ m/s} = \frac{6.2 \text{ rad/s}}{0.23}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

9) Radian Frequency given Wave Celerity Formula ↗

Formula

$$\omega = C \cdot k$$

Example with Units

$$5.5315 \text{ rad/s} = 24.05 \text{ m/s} \cdot 0.23$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

10) Water Depth for Maximum Wave Steepness of Waves Travelling Formula ↗

Formula

$$d = \lambda \cdot a \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\epsilon_s}{0.142}\right)}{2 \cdot \pi}$$

Example with Units

$$0.9149 \text{ m} = 26.8 \text{ m} \cdot a \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{0.03}{0.142}\right)}{2 \cdot 3.1416}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

11) Wave Amplitude Formula ↗

Formula

$$a = \frac{H}{2}$$

Example with Units

$$1.5 \text{ m} = \frac{3 \text{ m}}{2}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

12) Wave Amplitude given Elevation of Water Surface Relative to SWL Formula ↗

Formula

$$a = \frac{\eta}{\cos(\theta)}$$

Example with Units

$$0.2078 \text{ m} = \frac{0.18 \text{ m}}{\cos(30^\circ)}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

13) Wave Height given Maximum Wave Steepness Limit by Michell Formula ↗

Formula

$$H = \lambda \cdot 0.142$$

Example with Units

$$3.8056 \text{ m} = 26.8 \text{ m} \cdot 0.142$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

14) Wave Number given Wave Celerity Formula ↗

Formula

$$k = \frac{\omega}{c}$$

Example with Units

$$0.2578 = \frac{6.2 \text{ rad/s}}{24.05 \text{ m/s}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

15) Wave number given wavelength Formula ↗

Formula

$$k = 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{\lambda}$$

Example with Units

$$0.2344 = 2 \cdot \frac{3.1416}{26.8 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

16) Wave Steepness Formula ↗

Formula

$$\varepsilon_s = \frac{H}{\lambda}$$

Example with Units

$$0.1119 = \frac{3 \text{ m}}{26.8 \text{ m}}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

17) Wavelength for Maximum Wave Steepness Formula ↗

Formula

$$\lambda = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{d}{a} \tanh\left(\frac{\varepsilon_s}{0.142}\right)$$

Example with Units

$$26.6562 \text{ m} = 2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot \frac{0.91 \text{ m}}{a} \tanh\left(\frac{0.03}{0.142}\right)$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

18) Wavelength given Maximum Wave Steepness Limit by Michell Formula ↗

Formula

$$\lambda = \frac{H}{0.142}$$

Example with Units

$$21.1268 \text{ m} = \frac{3 \text{ m}}{0.142}$$

Evaluate Formula ↗

Variables used in list of Wave Parameters Formulas above

- **a** Wave Amplitude (*Meter*)
- **A** Horizontal Semi-axis of Water Particle
- **B** Vertical Semi-Axis
- **C** Celerity of the Wave (*Meter per Second*)
- **d** Water Depth (*Meter*)
- **D_{Z+d}** Distance above the Bottom (*Meter*)
- **H** Wave Height (*Meter*)
- **k** Wave Number
- **P** Wave Period
- **ε_s** Wave Steepness
- **η** Elevation of Water Surface (*Meter*)
- **θ** Theta (*Degree*)
- **λ** Wavelength (*Meter*)
- **ω** Wave Angular Frequency (*Radian per Second*)

Constants, Functions, Measurements used in list of Wave Parameters Formulas above

- **constant(s): pi,**
3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **constant(s): [g],** 9.80665
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Functions:** **atanh**, atanh(Number)
The inverse hyperbolic tangent function returns the value whose hyperbolic tangent is a number.
- **Functions:** **cos**, cos(Angle)
Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.
- **Functions:** **cosh**, cosh(Number)
The hyperbolic cosine function is a mathematical function that is defined as the ratio of the sum of the exponential functions of x and negative x to 2.
- **Functions:** **sinh**, sinh(Number)
The hyperbolic sine function, also known as the sinh function, is a mathematical function that is defined as the hyperbolic analogue of the sine function.
- **Functions:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Functions:** **tanh**, tanh(Number)
The hyperbolic tangent function (tanh) is a function that is defined as the ratio of the hyperbolic sine function (sinh) to the hyperbolic cosine function (cosh).
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree (°)
Angle Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Angular Frequency** in Radian per Second (rad/s)
Angular Frequency Unit Conversion 



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